

Those who still remain loyal to the old-fashioned China Teas will appreciate our

35c

SPECIALTY
CHOICE
FORMOSA
OOLONG

Direct Importing Tea & Coffee Co.
Corner Douglas and Johnson Streets,
Phone 803, VICTORIA, B.C.

The Daily Colonist.

\$6 per ton
Household Coal

HALL & WALKER
100 Government St. Phone 86.

VOL. LXXVII NO. 114

VICTORIA, B. C. SATURDAY, MAY, 17, 1902.

FORTY-FOURTH YEAR.

WHEN WE REPAIR



A Watch Or Clock

IT GOES.

It not only goes, but it keeps good time. It runs regularly, and is guaranteed by us for one year. A good watch needs careful attention to keep it going as it should go, but it must have intelligent attention. Our watchmakers know how to put any timepiece in good condition and keep it so. Let us look at your troublesome watch or clock and tell you what it needs.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL,
Jewelers and Opticians 47 Government Street.

QUALITY

Is not always found in wines most extensively advertised.

PERINET

CHAMPAGNE

IS VALUE.
GOOD JUDGES PREFER IT.

Hudson's Bay Company, Agents.

Saturday's Bargain

Armour's Deviled Ham

Large Tin **10c**. Large Tin

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.
CASH GROCERS.

Screen Doors

PAINTS, OILS,
WALLPAPERS, ETC.

From \$1.25 Up. J.W. Mellor, 78 Fort St

Scotch Whisky

Watson's Special Liqueur
guaranteed 20 years old.

Perfect. Pure. Palatable.

Gutmann & Lindley

24 Government St.
Two Doors
Above Postoffice.

Manufacturers of Furs and Taxidermy
Furs Dressed, Dyed, Redyed, Altered and Repaired

.....All Work Done On Premises..... First-Class Workmanship Guaranteed.

Your Dinner

Is spoilt with a poor POTATO. Try us for a change. Every sack guaranteed No. 1 cookers.

SYLVESTER PIERCE CO.,
City Market.

For Sale.

I have 70 Canary Birds, some excellent singers; also several hens with young chicks from one to three weeks old. Price reasonable.

B. M. NODER,
12 Store Street.

Municipal Trades Licenses

The undersigned requests that all parties who have failed to attend to his notice of 2nd inst., respecting the above licenses, will do so immediately, to prevent trouble, and expense.

The Licenses are due and payable in advance on the 16th January and 10th July, and MUST for the future be paid at The City Treasurer's Office.

CHARLES KENT,
Collector.
City Hall, Victoria, B. C., April 10th, 1902.

MONEY TO LOAN

Any Amount. No Waiting.

L. A. ROSTEN & CO.,
115 Government Street, Room 6.

R. P. RITHET CO., Ltd.

Wholesale Merchants,
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS,

Portland Cement, Etc., Etc.

..... AGENTS
Distillers Co., Ltd. Gillard's Pickles and Sauce.
Melcher's Canadian Gin. Zynkara.
Knox Gelatine. Columbia Flouring Mills Co.

VICTORIA, B. C.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

Robert Ward & Co., Ltd.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Victoria and Vancouver

IT PAYS TO BUY AT HASTIE'S FAIR

All kinds of Wares we keep. Granite, Crockery, Tin and Chinaware, Stationery, Candles, Needles, and Pins, and all that. Specialties just now. House cleaning supplies.

77 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

GARDEN TOOLS

Lawn Mowers and
Poultry Netting

FOR SALE BY

The Hickman Tye Hardware Co., Ltd.

32 and 34 Yates Street, VICTORIA, B.C.
TELEPHONE 59. P. G. DRAWER 13.

J. A. SAYWARD


ROCK BAY, VICTORIA, B.C.; WHITE HORSE, YUKON; and NELSON, B.C.

Sashes and Doors and Wood Work

OF ALL KINDS

Rough and Dressed Lumber, Shingles, Laths, Etc.

Smoker



PLAYER'S

NAVY CUT

the Original

..... PLAYER'S NAVY CUT CIGARETTES, MILD
Sole Agents for Western Canada.
TURNER, BEETON & COMPANY, LIMITED, VICTORIA, B.C.

BASEBALL HOUSES FOR SALE

James Bay District, 8 rooms \$3,200
North Chatham St., 4 rooms 400
Stanley Avenue 2,500
Amplion St. (Oak Bay area) 4 rooms 650
Dallas Road, 9 rooms 3,750
Green St., 2 houses, 900 1,200
St. James St., 5 rooms 1,500
Rithet St., 6 rooms 1,500

LOTS FOR SALE.
Pemberton Road, 60x150 \$1,000
Pemberton Road, 50x150 850
Esplanade Road, one lot 500

Vancouver vs. Victoria

Saturday, May 17th,

—AT—
OAK BAY PARK.

There's a book that tells about the best method of getting accepted. What is it—a book-book?—Detroit Free Press.

STORE OPEN UNTIL 11 O'CLOCK TONIGHT AT THE MAMMOTH BANK. RUPT CLOTHING SALE, 111 GOVERNMENT STREET.

A. W. MORE & CO., Ltd.
23 Broad Street, near Colonnade Office.

Progress Of Cable

How the Work of Connecting Canada and Australia Is Proceeding.

Engineers Arrive By the Mowera and Tell of the Great Undertaking.

Cable Steamer Anglia in Cyclone
—The Colonia Is Loading Line.

Steamer Mowera, which arrived from Sydney via South Sea ports today, brought among her passengers Lucas and Taylor, of the Pacific Cable board, who left the cable laying steamer Anglia at Suva, after that vessel completed the laying of the cable to the Fiji, and are bound to London, where they will join the steamer Colonia, which is now taking on board the many miles of cable near Greenwich. The Colonia will sail shortly from London for Victoria and Bamfield Creek, to commence laying the cable from the latter point to Fanning Island, where connection will be made with the cable laying steamer Anglia, which has started to London from Suva to again fill her cable tanks. Efforts are being made in New Zealand to have the United States cable connecting with San Francisco and Honolulu connected with the British Pacific cable at Fanning Island. Sir Joseph Ward, in a recent interview at Wellington, stated that the New Zealand government for their part were agreeable to a proposal made in this connection by the Commercial Pacific Cable company, whose engineer, Mr. Dickinson, was at Honolulu when the Mowera left their examining sites for a cable landing. The United States company has selected San Francisco as the first station of submarine cable to Norfolk Island, from which point the deep sea cable was stretched in the slime of the ocean bed to New Zealand, and thence to Suva. About 2,300 miles of cable was laid, and during the work the cable ship was tossed by a heavy cyclone, which imperilled the cable steamer and carried her steam steering gear away, as well as smashing to splinters one of her boats, which was stored on the bridge deck, 60 feet above the water. The steamer's fight with the cyclone was rendered most difficult from the fact that she had to protect the cable paying out from her stern into the deep. During the storm the electrical staff had to work on their toes without interruption, patiently watching the tiny tell-tale ray while encompassed by darkness, and hampered by the heavy lurchings of the storm-tossed steamer, and all the while the clock was being paid out in 2,400 fathoms of water.

The headquarters of the Telegraph Construction & Maintenance company will be at Suva, according to Mr. Lucas, the senior cable engineer, who is now being built in a Circle yard, will have her station there, but she will be kept going from one station to the other, between Bamfield Creek, in the vicinity of this city, to the stations between, carrying supplies and repairing any breaks. The repair steamer will be a vessel of about 2,000 tons, especially designed with huge tanks and other fittings for the business into which she is to be placed. Another steamer will ultimately be built, and one steamer will be placed on the north and south.

The steamer Colonia, which sailed from Shields on the 7th of May, and is now loading the cable in her tanks near Greenwich, is expected to arrive here about October next, and she will at once commence the work of paying the 3,500 miles of cable to Fanning Island, where the other end of the line will be brought to land, and by the end of the present year it is expected that the deep sea cables across the Pacific will be carrying Canada's congratulations to Australia and intervening points on the connection between the British continents of the north and south.

The total length of the cable, including 10 per cent. allowed for slack, will be about 8,000 nautical miles. The longest span is that from Kelp Bay, on the south coast of Vancouver Island, to Fanning Island—about 3,561 miles. The shortest sections are from Fanning Island to Suva, Fiji, 2,003 miles; from Norfolk Island to a point near Brisbane, Australia, 824 miles; and from Norfolk Island to the northern end of New Zealand, 537 miles.

The time taken by an electrical pulsation to pass through a submarine cable increases with the length of the cable in proportion to the square of the length. That is to say, if it takes the signal one second to travel 1,000 miles, it will take four seconds to travel 2,000 miles, nine seconds to travel 3,000 miles, and so on. But the speed also depends on the dimensions of the core and its insulation gutta percha, or india rubber. A thicker copper wire and coating of gutta percha gives a higher speed. The Vancouver

TRAGEDY AT TREADWELL

Superintendent McDonald Kills a Religious Frank in a Pistol Fight.

Seattle, May 16.—Advices received here today from Skagway state that on Monday morning a shooting affray occurred at the Treadwell mine, in which Nick Jones was fatally shot by Joseph McDonald, superintendent of the mine.

It seems that Jones, who is a religious fanatic, thought that he had been ordered by God to force McDonald to close the mine on Sunday, which the latter had failed to do.

McDonald had been in Skagway, and upon his return some one told him that Jones was looking for him, prepared to shoot. Soon after the two men met, and Jones, with the remark, "Your time has come," tried to shoot McDonald. McDonald, however, got his gun first and fired four shots at Jones, all four taking effect. Jones lived for several hours.

An inquest was held, and the coroner's jury exonerated McDonald for the killing, finding that he had acted in self-defense. Jones has been known as a man with very fanatical ideas on some subjects. At the time of President McKinley's death he said that he was glad that he was dead.

FLY FISHERS!

Does your rod need a new tip or joint? We can replace joints, tips, splining tips in the best greenheart hickory and quality, warranted.

Don't forget our Scotch flies, at **FOX'S, 78 Gov't St.**

Mining Shares.

The following stocks are good for a quick rise:

NEW FAIRVIEW CORP.
NORTH STAR.
AMERICAN ROY.
RAMBLER GAMBROO.
LONE PINE.
BLAIR FALLS.

FOR SALE—Two Crown Granted Mineral Claims on Tenada Island for \$2,500.

A. W. MORE & CO., Ltd.
23 Broad Street.

Island to Fanning Island section of the Imperial cable will be "fast," owing to its heavy core, which weighs about 650 pounds of copper and 400 pounds of gutta percha per mile. Such a cable will carry seven or eight paying words a minute and as it is the longest section, this will be the speed of through messages. For the shorter spans of the line smaller cores will suffice. The messages will be received on the siphon recorder and mirror instrument of Lord Kelvin. The duplex system of Dr. A. Muirhead, by which two messages can be sent in each end, pass through the wire at once, will be employed on the southern sections, at least. Although this system nearly doubles the capacity of a cable, it is not considered an advantage for this cable as for others, owing to the fact that only a few business hours in the day are common to Great Britain and Australasia. It is anticipated, however, that there will be a certain amount of telegraphic communication between Canada and the United States and Australasia over this cable, in which even the adoption of the system will prove very convenient. Dr. Muirhead has recently improved his system by applying a self-induction shunt to the receiving instruments, which has the effect of curling the signals, making them easier for the clerk to read, and increasing the speed of messages. Lord Kelvin has recommended the utilization of this applied for despatching messages for the same purpose. Two repairing ships will be retained to maintain the cable in working order. There is some fear of earthquakes or landslides breaking the cable in the direction of Fiji. Not long ago the Eastern Telegraph company's cable between Sydney and Nelson was bitten by a shark in 3,000 fathoms, and so injured that it had to be recovered and a splicing made.

Closing the Cannery Deal

Options Have Been Taken Up on Instructions From the East.

Understood That Forty Plants Have Been Transferred to the Combine.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, B. C., May 16.—A wire was received from Montreal this morning to close the cannery combine deal. Consequently notice was given to all those who gave option on their canneries for one-third cash, and two-third stock, that the options had been taken up, and the cash would be at once forthcoming. Messrs. Doyle and Jarvis, who are engineering the deal, are disinclined to give further details until the canneries have been actually transferred to them. It is understood, however, that 40 canneries out of 75 have agreed to sell and others are expected to come in before the season opens. The business conduct of the pooled canneries will not be interfered with this season, except that the pack will be regulated, and probably some of the big salaries which must be paid, the local canneries will be identified with the management of the united canneries, and the promoters have been busy all week choosing their men. In spite of the big salaries which must be paid, the expenses in operation of the 40 canneries will be so much reduced, that a very large saving per cannery has been figured on.

There was another sharp advance in the price of flour today, \$4 to \$4.33, owing to the Blackman-Kor orders from the Imperial government. Flour has also advanced 20 cents a barrel, and wheat from \$28 to \$29.

Two prominent Montreal citizens were detected in the popular pastime of attempting to smuggle silk handkerchiefs and other haberdasherie from the Steamship Empress of India. They attempt to prevent a search, by standing on their dignity. One of them claimed that he was a personal friend of Premier Laurier. This would not go with Customs Officer Harris, who then threatened the silk and allowed them to board the outgoing train.

Seattle, May 16.—Advices received here today from Skagway state that on Monday morning a shooting affray occurred at the Treadwell mine, in which Nick Jones was fatally shot by Joseph McDonald, superintendent of the mine.

It seems that Jones, who is a religious fanatic, thought that he had been ordered by God to force McDonald to close the mine on Sunday, which the latter had failed to do.

McDonald had been in Skagway, and upon his return some one told him that Jones was looking for him, prepared to shoot. Soon after the two men met, and Jones, with the remark, "Your time has come," tried to shoot McDonald. McDonald, however, got his gun first and fired four shots at Jones, all four taking effect. Jones lived for several hours.

An inquest was held, and the coroner's jury exonerated McDonald for the killing, finding that he had acted in self-defense. Jones has been known as a man with very fanatical ideas on some subjects. At the time of President McKinley's death he said that he was glad that he was dead.

Port de France, Island of Martinique, May 16.—Great flashes of very bright light were emitted from Mount Pelée between 10 and 11 o'clock last night. They were visible from here. Thick glowing red clouds, interspersed with flashes of light, were issuing from the volcano this morning. Showers of cinders, lasting for 20 minutes, accompanied the activity. The people in the district of Lorrain, Marigot, Sainte Marie and La Trinite are panic-stricken.

A. W. MORE & CO., Ltd.
23 Broad Street.

Methodist Stations

Draft of Proposed Changes in Pastorates Throughout the Province.

Rev. E. E. Scott Elected President and Rev. J. V. Hicks, Secretary.

List of Ministers Will Have Its Final Revision This Morning.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, B. C., May 16.—The Methodist conference of British Columbia today elected Rev. E. E. Scott, president, and Rev. J. V. Hicks, secretary. There was a keen contest for chief office between Principal J. Sippell and Rev. Mr. Scott. On the third ballot, Rev. Mr. Scott received 43 votes, and Principal Sippell 42.

Rev. E. E. Scott entered the ministry in London, Ont., in 1877. Rev. J. V. Hicks, is Methodist chaplain at Esquimalt. He entered the ministry in 1880. He is a native of Cornwall, England, and was attached to the British Columbia Conference at Chilliwack, Enderby, Sapperton, and Westminster, after which he received his appointment as chaplain at Esquimalt.

The stationing committee have presented their first draft of stations as follows:

Victoria, Metropolitan—Elliott S. Rowe. John P. Hicks, chaplain to West-leyans in H. M. forces, Esquimalt, by permission of conference. Centennial—Jas. P. Westman; Cornelius Bryant, superannuated. Victoria West—One to be sent (T. G.) James Bay—B. Hedley Balderson. Chinese—One to be sent under superintendent. Japanese Mission—Native agent.

Saanich—T. H. Wright.
Cowichan—Wm. C. Schlichter.
Salt Spring Island—One to be sent.
Nanaimo—Wallace Street, Walter W. Baer, Haliburton street, R. Newton Powell. Nanaimo Chinese Mission—One to be sent.
Ladysmith and Extension—Geo. A. Cropp.
Cumberland—Robert Wilkinson. Cumberland Japanese Mission—Under superintendent, Cumberland.
Willow—Hicks—Left without a station at his own request.
Robert Hughes—To attend college.
Fred. Okell—To attend college.
Vancouver—Vesley church, Edmund E. Scott. Princess street, John Robson, B. A. Mount Pleasant, Chas. H. M. Sutherland; E. Robson, superannuated. Fairview, Alfred E. Green. Chinese Mission—One to be sent under superintendent. Fairview Japanese Mission—Including Sapperton and Stevenson, Geo. Krasig and Paul Kishomoro. Richmond—Elliott Manuel.
Maple Ridge and Agassiz—W. Lashley hall.
Mission City—James Hicks.
Atlin—One wanted.
Dawson—Wm. H. Barnclough, B. A. Bonanza—One to be sent.
Dominion Creek—E. A. Magee.
Sulphur Creek—One to be sent (J. R. V.) W. G. Mahon to attend college.
New Westminster—Queens' avenue, Geo. H. M. Scott, J. Sippell, J. Sippell, Principal C. M. college, by permission of conference; T. D. Pearson, superannuated; J. B. Bowell, superannuated. New Westminster—Queens' avenue, Geo. H. M. Scott, J. Sippell, J. Sippell, Principal C. M. college, by permission of conference; T. D. Pearson, superannuated; J. B. Bowell, superannuated. Fraser—One to be sent under superintendent. Ladner—Arthur N. Miller.
Cloverdale and Langley—Allen K. Sharp, G. R. H. Kinney.
Sumas—To be supplied.
Chilliwack—Thomas W. Hall; Jos. Hall, Principal Coquitlam institute, by permission of conference.
Chem—C. Whitaker (under superintendent Chilliwack).
Kamloops—Jas. A. Wood. Kamloops Chinese Mission—To be supplied under superintendent. Kamloops Japanese Mission—Thompson River—To be supplied.
Nicola—John Pye.
Salmon Arm—Wm. D. Misenor.
Revelstoke—Chas. Sadner.
Trout Lake—City—Samuel J. Green.
Golden—Wm. Gordon Tanner, B. A.
Enderby—John W. Bowering (J. E. Rossman, superannuated).
Vernon—R. H. Laidley.
Okanagan—Geo. Smith.
Keremeos—To be supplied.
Cariboo—To be supplied.
Ashcroft—Jos. W. Winslow.
Lillooet—Boyd, J. McIntyre.
Nelson—Boyd, J. McIntyre.
Ymir—One to be sent.
Kaslo—A. E. Hetherington.
Ainsworth—To be supplied from Kaslo.
Sandwich—Boyd, J. McIntyre.
New Denver—Arthur E. Roberts.
Shen City—J. Alfred Seymour (under superintendent, Denver).
Mojave—One to be sent.
Cranbrook—R. Forbes Stillman.
Kimberley—One to be sent.
Fernie—Samuel J. Thompson.
Morrisey—One to be sent.
Michael—R. J. Irwin.
Rossland—Albert M. Sanford.
Trail—Under superintendent, Rossland.
Grand Forks—John F. Betts.
Greenwood—John D. Knox.
Pouceau—A. W. Scott.
Geo. C. Bradshaw to attend college.
R. Whittington, D. D., chairman of Indian districts to reside at Vancouver.
Kaslo—One to be sent.
Port Simpson—Stanley Osterhout, Ph. D., and Alkbert E. Bolton, M. D., medical missionary.
Skidegate—Barabas C. Freeman.
Port Isaac—Patrick Russ.
Kispiox—native agent under chairman.
Kishpiox—Wm. H. Pierce and H. C. Winick, medical missionary.
Kitimat—Geo. H. Haley.
Kitlope—To be visited from Kitamaat.
China Hat—George Edgar.
Kimsquit—To be supplied, native agent (under chairman).
Bella Coola—John C. Spencer, medical missionary.
Bella Bella—Richard W. Large, M. D., medical missionary.
Rivers Inlet—Patrick Russ.
Cape Mudge—Missionary teacher (under chairman).
Lower Fraser—Thos. Crosby.
Sardis—Native agent (Crosby).
Nanaimo—Missionary teacher (under chairman).
Cowichan Tribes—Chas. M. Tate.
Duncan—Victoria lay agent (under superintendence of chairman).
Nitinat—A resolution embodying words of praise for his wise, earnest, and hearty work as president was passed. The list will be finally revised tomorrow.

THE FINEST PIPE MADE

PERFECT SHAPES
BEST FINISH
GUARANTEED NOT TO BURN
Sold in Vulcanite, Horne or Amber, by:

MESSRS. CHALLONER & MITCHELL,
NORTH AND RICHARDSON, H. L. SAL-
MON.

THE ESCAPE

OF LE ROY

Another Attempt to Be Made
to Locate the Wash-
ington Outlaw.

Sheriff P. Zimmerman, of Everett, came over from Vancouver last evening, whither he had gone to look up the disappointing affair of the escape of a French halfbreed, who six years ago tried to murder a Seattle jeweler named Phillips, out at Monte Cristo, in Snohomish county. After being traced across the continent and back, but never caught up with, LeRoy was located at Powell lake, which is about opposite Texada island, and a little higher up on the mainland. Thither Officer Wylie of Vancouver, and Lucas of Van Ande followed him out into the bush, and effecting his capture in dressing style brought him down to the McIntrye logging camp on the old Moodyville mill limit. There they locked him over night in the office, and awakening in the morning found their captive gone. Sheriff Zimmerman had but little to say in the matter, and very naturally would not commit himself to blaming either of the officers, although he seemed to recognize that the provincial and Vancouver city police should not have been mixed up in the matter. Still on this point he refrained from blaming any opinion. He had a long interview last evening with Supt. Hussey, and is hopeful that another opportunity will be given for the capture of this outlaw, who has now twice escaped the clutches of the law.

Mr. Zimmerman will spend today here seeing the city.

If you are scrofulous, dyspeptic, rheumatic, troubled with kidney complaint, general debility, lack of strength, take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

A large assortment of beautiful reed chairs in Flemish finish, the very latest— at Weiler's.

189 Men's Sample Hats, in Fedoras and Soft Shapes and Christy's Stiff and Hard Hats and Cow Boy Hats for Dress and Outing Wear, at less than half price, on Sale Today at the Mammoth Bankrupt Clothing Sale, 111 Government St.

LOCAL NEWS.

Visited the School.—Sir Henri Joly, Lieut.-Governor and Lady Joly yesterday paid a visit to the North Ward school, and after visiting the class rooms saw the children drill.

Morning Fire.—A small fire at Haggart & Taylor's iron hoods work on Yates street, gave the fire department a run soon after 2 o'clock this morning. The damage was very slight.

That tired, languid feeling and dull headache is very disagreeable. Take two of Carter's Little Liver Pills before retiring, and you will find relief. They never fail to do good.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. James Dunsinville and Miss Dunsinville passed through Winnipeg yesterday, en route to London, England.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Brunsley Shaw have returned from their tour on a date visiting Mrs. Shaw's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Lugin, before going North.

Chester F. Lee, mining engineer, leaves on the Cottage City this morning for Berners Bay, Alaska, where he goes to examine mining property for a syndicate of Indianapolis people.

E. W. Molander is over from Port Townsend, and is staying at the Victoria.

P. A. Bryce of Seattle, is a guest at the Queen's.

Will You Spend a Penny

For a Sick Friend?

Here is my proposition. I have written the six books shown below. I want no money. I simply desire the privilege of sending the book needed to some one who is not well. I will do more: To prove my faith in my newly found principles of curing the sick, I'll send you an order on your nearest druggist for five dollars. If Dr. Shoop's Restorative, I will let you have your five dollars back. If it fails your druggist will send the bill to me. I will tell him to trust to your honesty, leaving the decision to you. You will know then what my Restorative can do. My Restorative will gain your good will and endorsement under such a trial.

No physician ever has or ever will, I believe, make an offer like this—my remedy is the only prescription yet found to stand a test like this.

And I do exactly as here stated. No catch. No deceit. You deal with your own druggist, who may be your neighbor, and a stranger to me. The plan protects you absolutely.

You will see this offer published in every high class magazine and widely circulated paper in America, and here lies the proof of my success. My records show that 39 out of each 40 who accepted the six bottles, paid for them. They paid because they were cured—there are 39 chances of 40 that I can cure you. Is not this a remarkable offer? Is not the record of cures even more remarkable? I fail sometimes, but not often. A few of these diseases arise from causes like cancer, for which, as yet, no man knows a cure.

And how do I accomplish this? I will tell you. I have found a way to strengthen the inside nerve—the only way yet known. These nerves alone operate each vital organ. The Heart, Stomach, Kidneys, etc., each have their nerve branch. The power that makes each organ do its duty, is the inside nerve power—nothing else. I know how to restore that power. No matter which organ is weak, this nerve system operates them all. Nerve strength or weakness extends to all.

My Restorative goes directly to this cause—these nerves. That is the secret of my success. Don't let prejudice keep you from learning what my books will tell you. They are practical books written for intelligent people. I am not appealing to ignorance, and I wish to discourage prejudice. No matter what your doubts, remember I have spent a lifetime in my method, and it is unknown to you. I cannot call personally upon seventy-six million of people. Then I must tell you of my offer through the papers you read.

The telephone, the telegraph, the wonders of electricity have been solved by man. May I not have found a way to do as much for human ills?

Thousands who are sick will read this—who are discouraged because of others' failure to cure them. That is no reason why they should not get my book. You cannot know too much about ways to get well, when such ways can be tried at my risk. This offer is too fair to need argument. Won't you spend a penny for a sick friend? Write a postal to day for the book he needs. Your reward will come in knowing you opened the way to a cure.

Simply state which book you want, and address Dr. Shoop, Box 17, Racine, Wis.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.

Book No. 1 on Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Book No. 2 on the Heart. Book No. 3 on the Kidneys. Book No. 4 for Women. Book No. 5 for Men. Book No. 6 on Rheumatism.

Book No. 1 on Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Book No. 2 on the Heart. Book No. 3 on the Kidneys. Book No. 4 for Women. Book No. 5 for Men. Book No. 6 on Rheumatism.

Book No. 1 on Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Book No. 2 on the Heart. Book No. 3 on the Kidneys. Book No. 4 for Women. Book No. 5 for Men. Book No. 6 on Rheumatism.

Book No. 1 on Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Book No. 2 on the Heart. Book No. 3 on the Kidneys. Book No. 4 for Women. Book No. 5 for Men. Book No. 6 on Rheumatism.

Book No. 1 on Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Book No. 2 on the Heart. Book No. 3 on the Kidneys. Book No. 4 for Women. Book No. 5 for Men. Book No. 6 on Rheumatism.

Book No. 1 on Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Book No. 2 on the Heart. Book No. 3 on the Kidneys. Book No. 4 for Women. Book No. 5 for Men. Book No. 6 on Rheumatism.

Sports For

This Afternoon

Victoria and Vancouver to Meet
on the Diamond at Oak
Bay Park.

Opening of the Lacrosse Sea-
son at Nanaimo and
Vancouver.

CRICKET.

First and Second Eleventh Have Matches
On For This Afternoon.

A keenly contested cricket match is expected when the Victoria first eleven meet the Navy at the Canteen grounds this afternoon. The Navy players are said to be very strong in batting, and as they are very keen on the game, the Victoria players will have their work cut out to win. The following players will represent Victoria: A. G. Barracough, W. H. Binn, W. Macdonald, H. J. Martin, Q. D. H. Warden, D. Menzies (captain), E. J. Howe, J. Anderson, R. Jaeger, F. Lewis, W. D. Gooch, Reserve, L. S. V. York.

SECOND ELEVEN.
The second eleven of the Victoria Cricket club will meet the Barracks second eleven at Beacon Hill this afternoon. The following will play for Victoria: A. G. Barracough, W. H. Binn, W. Macdonald, H. J. Martin, Q. D. H. Warden, D. Menzies (captain), E. J. Howe, J. Anderson, R. Jaeger, F. Lewis, W. D. Gooch, Reserve, L. S. V. York.

BASKETBALL.
Wasp and Fernwood to Play at Drill Hall This Evening.

The senior Fernwoods will meet the famous Wasps in a basketball game at the Drill hall tonight. A great struggle is expected, as the Wasps are determined to lower the colors of the champions. The teams are as follows:

Fernwoods—Guards, W. Peden, A. Shotbolt, J. D. Hall, C. Harris, C. Fairall, W. Fairall, King reserve, J. Wasp—C. Marshall, F. White, J. Noot, P. Marchant and C. Berkeley.

SPORTING NOTES.
A match race will take place this afternoon at the Victoria Driving park between Mr. H. Hardy Simpson's Jezebel and Mr. Taylor's Kana.

The Shamrock lacrosse team has left the Intermediate Lacrosse league, consequently the game arranged for this afternoon between the Shamrocks and the Victoria West are the only two teams now in the league.

STORE OPEN UNTIL 11 O'CLOCK TONIGHT AT THE MAMMOTH BANKRUPT CLOTHING SALE, 111 GOVERNMENT STREET.

GUESTS AT CITY HOTELS.
Chat With the Inspector of Mines For Washington State.

Amongst the guests at the Dominion Hotel is C. F. Owen of Tacoma, who is the state inspector of coal mines in Washington. Mr. Owen states that his work, which is very similar to that of the like office in this province, is to subdivide five different districts in that state, containing in all 28 mines of lignite, bituminous and anthracite. His official reports are biannual ones, but he is able to report that last season's coal mining operations over there gave employment to 4,826 men, 3,945 of whom were underground. Through their labors 2,540,190 tons of coal were raised, of which 40,197 tons were shipped to the coast. The season of 1901 in the Washington coal fields was an exceedingly fortunate one, being unmarked by accidents or strikes. The introduction of oil into general use in California is having a depressing effect, he says, over there, at the present, and already has caused the Southern Pacific Railway company to suspend operations at their Carbon Hill mines, at which 1,000 men were not resumed until the erection of a lot of coke ovens, 75 in all, is completed. Mr. Owen, who has just returned from a visit to the Crow's Nest coal fields, will spend a day here before proceeding on his way home.

W. E. Holmes, who takes up the two businesses of baseball and real estate over in Vancouver, is staying at the Dominion hotel. He will play in this afternoon's game.

August N. Egan, provincial police officer at Mayne Island, is a guest at the Dominion hotel.

Gov. Thos. and Mrs. Chalk, who lately arrived from the Orient, returned from a fishing excursion at Cowichan lake yesterday, and are staying at the Dominion hotel.

Albert E. Tull, manager of the Vancouver baseball team, with Mascott Flapper, and the ten players of that aggregation in today's match, are all staying at the Dominion hotel.

F. J. Hildebrand of Dunsmuir, returned from Seattle last night and is staying at the Dominion hotel.

Thos. Scott, of Portage la Prairie, is a guest at the Dominion hotel; he is also Wm. Todd of Nanaimo.

Thos. Kiddie came down from Ladysmith yesterday, and is staying at the Vernon hotel.

W. F. and Mr. Welsh of Butte, Mont., are guests at the Dominion hotel.

H. M. and O. Olsen, both of Sonoma, are registered at the Dawson hotel.

L. L. Shearer and Alfred Williams, both of Seattle, are staying at the New England hotel.

A. J. Kappel came over from Vancouver last evening and is staying at the Driford hotel.

A. M. Johnston of Vancouver, and Chas. E. Grant of San Francisco are guests at the Driford.

G. and Mrs. Hawes of Sidney, are guests at the Queen's hotel.

Capt. J. Clark of the sailing fleet, returned from a visit to Seattle yesterday, and is registered at the Queen's hotel.

F. F. Laing of Kaslo, is a guest at the Driford.

J. Charles Randall, a promoter in English financial circles, is registered at the Driford.

G. G. Fountain of Chicago, and A. L. McDermott of New York, are a couple of commercial men who are staying at the Victoria hotel.

E. W. McLean of Vancouver, is a guest at the Victoria.

MAJOR WOODSIDE GOES.
Gets a Commission in the Fourth Continental—France's Thanks.

Ottawa, Ont., May 16. (Special).—A cable was received from the Governor-General today confirming the appointment of Major Woodside, formerly editor of the Yukon Times, to a lieutenant-colonel's commission in the Second Mounted Rifles, and his subsequent promotion to major, and his place of residence, with a certificate from the militia medical officer to the effect that he had good vaccination, or that he had been recently vaccinated, stating by whom or that he has had smallpox.

Every officer, non-commissioned officer and man selected for the Corporation contingent will proceed to France by the place of residence, with a certificate from the militia medical officer to the effect that he had good vaccination, or that he had been recently vaccinated, stating by whom or that he has had smallpox.

Every officer, non-commissioned officer and man selected for the Corporation contingent will proceed to France by the place of residence, with a certificate from the militia medical officer to the effect that he had good vaccination, or that he had been recently vaccinated, stating by whom or that he has had smallpox.

Every officer, non-commissioned officer and man selected for the Corporation contingent will proceed to France by the place of residence, with a certificate from the militia medical officer to the effect that he had good vaccination, or that he had been recently vaccinated, stating by whom or that he has had smallpox.

Every officer, non-commissioned officer and man selected for the Corporation contingent will proceed to France by the place of residence, with a certificate from the militia medical officer to the effect that he had good vaccination, or that he had been recently vaccinated, stating by whom or that he has had smallpox.

Every officer, non-commissioned officer and man selected for the Corporation contingent will proceed to France by the place of residence, with a certificate from the militia medical officer to the effect that he had good vaccination, or that he had been recently vaccinated, stating by whom or that he has had smallpox.

Every officer, non-commissioned officer and man selected for the Corporation contingent will proceed to France by the place of residence, with a certificate from the militia medical officer to the effect that he had good vaccination, or that he had been recently vaccinated, stating by whom or that he has had smallpox.

Every officer, non-commissioned officer and man selected for the Corporation contingent will proceed to France by the place of residence, with a certificate from the militia medical officer to the effect that he had good vaccination, or that he had been recently vaccinated, stating by whom or that he has had smallpox.

Every officer, non-commissioned officer and man selected for the Corporation contingent will proceed to France by the place of residence, with a certificate from the militia medical officer to the effect that he had good vaccination, or that he had been recently vaccinated, stating by whom or that he has had smallpox.

Every officer, non-commissioned officer and man selected for the Corporation contingent will proceed to France by the place of residence, with a certificate from the militia medical officer to the effect that he had good vaccination, or that he had been recently vaccinated, stating by whom or that he has had smallpox.

FURNITURE FOR TODAY.

Baseball, Oak Bay Park, 3 p. m., Victoria vs. Vancouver.
Yacht Race, off Outer wharf, 2.30.
Cricket, Canteen grounds, Victoria vs. Navy.
Cricket, Beacon Hill, Victoria vs. Barracks.
Match race, Victoria Driving Park, Jezebel vs. Karabel.
Lacrosse, Nanaimo, Victoria vs. Nanaimo.
Lacrosse, Vancouver, Vancouver vs. New Westminster.
Basketball, Drill hall, 9 p. m., Wasps vs. Fernwoods.

CRICKET.

First and Second Eleventh Have Matches
On For This Afternoon.

A keenly contested cricket match is expected when the Victoria first eleven meet the Navy at the Canteen grounds this afternoon. The Navy players are said to be very strong in batting, and as they are very keen on the game, the Victoria players will have their work cut out to win. The following players will represent Victoria: A. G. Barracough, W. H. Binn, W. Macdonald, H. J. Martin, Q. D. H. Warden, D. Menzies (captain), E. J. Howe, J. Anderson, R. Jaeger, F. Lewis, W. D. Gooch, Reserve, L. S. V. York.

SECOND ELEVEN.
The second eleven of the Victoria Cricket club will meet the Barracks second eleven at Beacon Hill this afternoon. The following will play for Victoria: A. G. Barracough, W. H. Binn, W. Macdonald, H. J. Martin, Q. D. H. Warden, D. Menzies (captain), E. J. Howe, J. Anderson, R. Jaeger, F. Lewis, W. D. Gooch, Reserve, L. S. V. York.

BASKETBALL.
Wasp and Fernwood to Play at Drill Hall This Evening.

The senior Fernwoods will meet the famous Wasps in a basketball game at the Drill hall tonight. A great struggle is expected, as the Wasps are determined to lower the colors of the champions. The teams are as follows:

Fernwoods—Guards, W. Peden, A. Shotbolt, J. D. Hall, C. Harris, C. Fairall, W. Fairall, King reserve, J. Wasp—C. Marshall, F. White, J. Noot, P. Marchant and C. Berkeley.

SPORTING NOTES.
A match race will take place this afternoon at the Victoria Driving park between Mr. H. Hardy Simpson's Jezebel and Mr. Taylor's Kana.

The Shamrock lacrosse team has left the Intermediate Lacrosse league, consequently the game arranged for this afternoon between the Shamrocks and the Victoria West are the only two teams now in the league.

STORE OPEN UNTIL 11 O'CLOCK TONIGHT AT THE MAMMOTH BANKRUPT CLOTHING SALE, 111 GOVERNMENT STREET.

GUESTS AT CITY HOTELS.
Chat With the Inspector of Mines For Washington State.

Amongst the guests at the Dominion Hotel is C. F. Owen of Tacoma, who is the state inspector of coal mines in Washington. Mr. Owen states that his work, which is very similar to that of the like office in this province, is to subdivide five different districts in that state, containing in all 28 mines of lignite, bituminous and anthracite. His official reports are biannual ones, but he is able to report that last season's coal mining operations over there gave employment to 4,826 men, 3,945 of whom were underground. Through their labors 2,540,190 tons of coal were raised, of which 40,197 tons were shipped to the coast. The season of 1901 in the Washington coal fields was an exceedingly fortunate one, being unmarked by accidents or strikes. The introduction of oil into general use in California is having a depressing effect, he says, over there, at the present, and already has caused the Southern Pacific Railway company to suspend operations at their Carbon Hill mines, at which 1,000 men were not resumed until the erection of a lot of coke ovens, 75 in all, is completed. Mr. Owen, who has just returned from a visit to the Crow's Nest coal fields, will spend a day here before proceeding on his way home.

W. E. Holmes, who takes up the two businesses of baseball and real estate over in Vancouver, is staying at the Dominion hotel. He will play in this afternoon's game.

August N. Egan, provincial police officer at Mayne Island, is a guest at the Dominion hotel.

Gov. Thos. and Mrs. Chalk, who lately arrived from the Orient, returned from a fishing excursion at Cowichan lake yesterday, and are staying at the Dominion hotel.

Albert E. Tull, manager of the Vancouver baseball team, with Mascott Flapper, and the ten players of that aggregation in today's match, are all staying at the Dominion hotel.

F. J. Hildebrand of Dunsmuir, returned from Seattle last night and is staying at the Dominion hotel.

Thos. Scott, of Portage la Prairie, is a guest at the Dominion hotel; he is also Wm. Todd of Nanaimo.

Thos. Kiddie came down from Ladysmith yesterday, and is staying at the Vernon hotel.

W. F. and Mr. Welsh of Butte, Mont., are guests at the Dominion hotel.

H. M. and O. Olsen, both of Sonoma, are registered at the Dawson hotel.

L. L. Shearer and Alfred Williams, both of Seattle, are staying at the New England hotel.

A. J. Kappel came over from Vancouver last evening and is staying at the Driford hotel.

A. M. Johnston of Vancouver, and Chas. E. Grant of San Francisco are guests at the Driford.

G. and Mrs. Hawes of Sidney, are guests at the Queen's hotel.

Capt. J. Clark of the sailing fleet, returned from a visit to Seattle yesterday, and is registered at the Queen's hotel.

F. F. Laing of Kaslo, is a guest at the Driford.

J. Charles Randall, a promoter in English financial circles, is registered at the Driford.

G. G. Fountain of Chicago, and A. L. McDermott of New York, are a couple of commercial men who are staying at the Victoria hotel.

E. W. McLean of Vancouver, is a guest at the Victoria.

MAJOR WOODSIDE GOES.
Gets a Commission in the Fourth Continental—France's Thanks.

Ottawa, Ont., May 16. (Special).—A cable was received from the Governor-General today confirming the appointment of Major Woodside, formerly editor of the Yukon Times, to a lieutenant-colonel's commission in the Second Mounted Rifles, and his subsequent promotion to major, and his place of residence, with a certificate from the militia medical officer to the effect that he had good vaccination, or that he had been recently vaccinated, stating by whom or that he has had smallpox.

Every officer, non-commissioned officer and man selected for the Corporation contingent will proceed to France by the place of residence, with a certificate from the militia medical officer to the effect that he had good vaccination, or that he had been recently vaccinated, stating by whom or that he has had smallpox.

Every officer, non-commissioned officer and man selected for the Corporation contingent will proceed to France by the place of residence, with a certificate from the militia medical officer to the effect that he had good vaccination, or that he had been recently vaccinated, stating by whom or that he has had smallpox.

Every officer, non-commissioned officer and man selected for the Corporation contingent will proceed to France by the place of residence, with a certificate from the militia medical officer to the effect that he had good vaccination, or that he had been recently vaccinated, stating by whom or that he has had smallpox.

Every officer, non-commissioned officer and man selected for the Corporation contingent will proceed to France by the place of residence, with a certificate from the militia medical officer to the effect that he had good vaccination, or that he had been recently vaccinated, stating by whom or that he has had smallpox.

Every officer, non-commissioned officer and man selected for the Corporation contingent will proceed to France by the place of residence, with a certificate from the militia medical officer to the effect that he had good vaccination, or that he had been recently vaccinated, stating by whom or that he has had smallpox.

Every officer, non-commissioned officer and man selected for the Corporation contingent will proceed to France by the place of residence, with a certificate from the militia medical officer to the effect that he had good vaccination, or that he had been recently vaccinated, stating by whom or that he has had smallpox.

Every officer, non-commissioned officer and man selected for the Corporation contingent will proceed to France by the place of residence, with a certificate from the militia medical officer to the effect that he had good vaccination, or that he had been recently vaccinated, stating by whom or that he has had smallpox.

Every officer, non-commissioned officer and man selected for the Corporation contingent will proceed to France by the place of residence, with a certificate from the militia medical officer to the effect that he had good vaccination, or that he had been recently vaccinated, stating by whom or that he has had smallpox.

Every officer, non-commissioned officer and man selected for the Corporation contingent will proceed to France by the place of residence, with a certificate from the militia medical officer to the effect that he had good vaccination, or that he had been recently vaccinated, stating by whom or that he has had smallpox.

ST. JACOBS OIL

CURES
RHEUMATISM
NEURALGIA
SPRAINS
SORENESS
STIFFNESS

Used for
50 Years.
The Great Remedy
Unequalled.

CONQUERS PAIN!

TYEE COPPER CO.

SMELTING WORKS
AT
LADYSMITH

Prepared to purchase ores as from August 1st.
Convenient to E. & N. or Sea.

CLERMONT LIVINGSTON, MANAGER.

GEO. POWELL & CO.

AGENTS FOR THE
GREAT MAJESTIC RANGE.

The Best that Money Can Buy.

Lawn Mowers and Grass Catchers, the best
Garden Tools of all kinds.
Also General Hardware, Crockery and
Glassware.

CHEAPSIDE.

127 GOVERNMENT STREET.

WHERE THE WEAR IS.

The edge of a skirt is the focal point of most skirt worry.
What is your experience with "bindings," "edgings," etc.? You can remember many a skirt that got frayed at the edge and shabby before the drapery showed even a sign of wear.
"Cortelli Protector Braid," sewed on flat, not turned over, will wear as long as any skirt, always be clean, always save the skirt, will not chafe the shoes.
Sold everywhere in all shades.
Genuine only with this brand.

JOHN NOBLE LTD.

BR29K ST MILLS
MANCHESTER
ENGLAND.

MANUFACTURERS
MERCHANTS
DIRECT SHIPPERS
TO THE
ACTUAL
WEARERS

THE LARGEST FIRM OF MAIL-ORDER EXPERTS IN G.T. BRITAIN, AND ACTUAL MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF LADIES', GENTLEMEN'S, AND CHILDREN'S OUTFITTING. THOUSANDS OF MAIL ORDERS EXECUTED EVERY WEEK. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED OR MONEY RETURNED.

COSTUMES.—John Noble Ltd. are the largest firm of costume makers in the world, and hold in stock an immense assortment of the newest goods at all prices. Foreign and Colonial outfit receive special attention, and any style can be copied, at moderate charges, in fabric to suit the climate.
Ladies' Self-measurement Forms, and Picture List Mailed Free.

LADIES' MANTLES.—The first of the season in Mantles and Jackets at prices the reverse of high. Handmade Photo Fashion Sheet Mailed Free.

BLOUSES & CORSETS.—A choice and comprehensive variety of the latest styles. Handmade Photo Fashion Sheet Mailed Free.

MILLINERY.—A fine display of latest styles at all prices. Only capable Milliners of great experience are employed. Wedding Hats and Toques List Mailed Free.

DRESS FABRICS.—One of the largest stocks in Great Britain, including Cotton and Woollen Fabrics, Silks, Velvets, etc. JOHN NOBLE LTD. supply specially prepared Materials to suit the different climates. Write for Patterns.

HANDKERCHIEFS.—Irish and English Handkerchiefs direct from the Mills at Wholesale Prices. Every type of Plain and Fancy Goods kept in stock. A particularly Handsome Photo Sheet of Handkerchiefs Mailed Free on request.

UNDERCLOTHING.—BABY LINEN, and LADIES'—An enormous stock for selection. Being actual Manufacturers, we are enabled to offer the utmost value in styles, the latest, cut the most accurate, and sizes, simply full. The Lady who desires to save money, and who is not particular as to quality, will find it to her advantage to order from John Noble Ltd. as they will supply her with the best quality of Underwear at the lowest possible prices. Ladies' Lingerie and Specialties. Ladies from 1 to 1000 Girdles. Trousers from 2 to 1000. Handmade Photo Fashion Sheet of Underclothing Mailed Free on request.

GENT'S OUTFITTING.—Shirts, Collars, and Underwear for the Colonies. Time to advise or order suggestions on British, French, or any other Underwear requirement. Inland and Colonial Outfit at Lowest Wholesale Prices. Ladies' Lingerie and Specialties. Ladies from 1 to 1000 Girdles. Trousers from 2 to 1000. Handmade Photo Fashion Sheet of Underclothing Mailed Free on request.

HOUSEHOLD LINENS.—John Noble Ltd. supply the finest Irish Linens extant. They are supplied at Wholesale Prices, and are of the highest quality. Write for Illustrated List of Goods.

LACE CURTAINS.—The latest styles in Laces, Collars, and Underwear for the Colonies. Time to advise or order suggestions on British, French, or any other Underwear requirement. Inland and Colonial Outfit at Lowest Wholesale Prices. Ladies' Lingerie and Specialties. Ladies from 1 to 1000 Girdles. Trousers from 2 to 1000. Handmade Photo Fashion Sheet of Underclothing Mailed Free on request.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—JOHN NOBLE LTD. supply the House as well as the person, and their stocks of Household Linens and other Furnishings are always varied and up to date. Catalogues Free.

CATALOGUES.—Send for JOHN NOBLE LTD. some Picture Lists of the Known and Unknown. PARTS OF THE CLOTHED J. N. SPECIALITIES. WHEN WRITING TO JOHN NOBLE LTD., BROOK ST. MANCHESTER, ENGLAND.

THE WHITE PASS & YUKON ROUTE

TO THE ATLIN, BIG SALMON, WHITE HORSE, HOOTALINQUA, STEWART RIVER, KLONDIKE, KORYUK AND YUKON MINING DISTRICTS.

THROUGH LINE SKAGWAY TO DAWSON.

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE BETWEEN SKAGWAY AND WHITE HORSE.

Trains connect directly at Caribou with the Company's steamers for all Lake Ports, including the Atlin, Taku and Golden Gate Mining Camps.

The Colonist.

SATURDAY, MAY 17, 1902.

Published by
The Colonist Printing & Publishing
Company, Limited Liability
No. 27 Broad St. - - - - - Victoria, B. C.
PEROVAL R. BROWN, Manager.

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Delivered by carrier at 20 cents per week,
or mailed postpaid to any part of Canada
(except the city) and the United States at
the following rates:

One year \$8 00
Six months 3 00

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST

One year \$1 50
Six months 75
Three months 40

Sent postpaid to any part of Canada or the
United States.

TERMS STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Agate measurement: 14 lines to the inch.
Reading notices—20c. per line each
insertion, or \$2 per line per month.

TRANSIENT AND LEGAL ADVERTISING—
10c. per line for first insertion, and
5c. per line for each subsequent consecu-
tive insertion; otherwise 10c. per line each
insertion. Preferred positions extra, ac-
cording to page, etc.

LIBERAL DISCOUNT on yearly and
half-yearly contracts. For rates, etc., apply
at the office.

FINANCIAL, INSURANCE AND COM-
PANY REPORTS, 15c. per line for 100
lines or under; over 100 lines, 10 per cent.
discount on each additional 100 up to 500;
600 lines or over, 10c. per line. Reports
published in the Daily will be inserted in
one of the Semi-Weekly editions for 50 per
cent. additional to the Daily rate.

CONDENSED ADVERTISING (CLASSI-
FIED)—One cent a word each insertion;
10 per cent. discount for six or over con-
secutive insertions. Cash with order. No
advertisement inserted for less than 20c.

BUSINESS OR PROFESSIONAL CARDS—
of four lines or under, \$2 per month, and
10c. per line for each subsequent consecu-
tive insertion. BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS—
\$1 each, including insertion in the Daily
and one of the Semi-Weekly editions.
No advertisement charged to account for
less than \$1.

\$25.00 REWARD

Will be paid for such information as
will lead to the conviction of anyone
stealing the Colonist newspaper from
the door of a subscriber.

A CHAMPION INDEED.

If there is one thing that the mem-
ber for Rossland, Mr. Smith Curtis,
prides himself upon, it is that he is the
champion of working men. Ill-natured
people say that Mr. Smith Curtis is like
any other demagogue, that he plays the
labor card because he thinks the labor
card most likely to win at the present
time in British Columbia, and for no
other reason. However, we suppose that
working men have the power to distin-
guish acts from words, like any other
class of the community. We wish to
draw attention to an amendment by Mr.
Curtis to a bill proposed by Mr. Haw-
thornthwaite, which is practically an ap-
plication of the law in force in Great
Britain to British Columbia. The bill
has to do with the liability of employers
for accidents occurring in industrial
works such as mines and sawmills and
so forth. The amendment proposed by
Mr. Curtis limited the definition of a
"mine" to a mining property which em-
ployed twenty-five men or over. Now
this bill is either a fair bill to employers
or it is not. It either establishes a just
right of employers, or it does not. If it
does not, then it should not become the
law of the land. If it does, there should
be no arbitrary distinction made be-
tween one class of employers and an-
other. Why should a man who employs
twenty-four men in a mine be exempted
from the provisions of this bill, and the
man who employs twenty-six men be
subject to them? There may be a
difference in the character of the mine,
but there is no difference in the character
of the employment so far as the miners
are concerned, and if they are entitled
to protection in the one case, so are they
in the other. Surely the reason for Mr.
Curtis' amendment cannot be that as a
man who makes his living by the prom-
otion of mining companies, as a man who
has never in his career been connected
with any mine employing more than
twenty-five men, but with innumerable
companies formed to work speculative
prospects, no one of which has been
developed into a producing mine, Mr.
Curtis was desirous of relieving such en-
terprises from the operation of the bill.
To accept such a conclusion would in-
volve the idea that Mr. Curtis was ut-
terly without principle in his advocacy
of the just claims of working men. It
would involve the decision that as an
advocate of the interests of working
men he is an utter, unmitigated, and
unadulterated humbug. We do not go
to that length. We prefer to lay the facts
of his action before working men them-
selves, and to permit them to form their
own judgment upon the character and
principles of Mr. Smith Curtis, the mem-
ber for Rossland.

PREFERENTIAL TRADE.

The preferential trade policy of the
Laurier government is not working out
satisfactorily. Our trade with Great
Britain is declining from year to year.
In the year 1901 our trade with Great
Britain decreased \$4,715,409 over the
year 1900. Our imports from Great
Britain showed a decrease of \$2,307,997,
and our exports to Great Britain a de-
crease of \$2,407,412. Our exports did
not decrease because Great Britain was
buying less, but because we were selling
less. For in many of the articles where

the decrease was specially notable in
the exports from Canada, a large in-
crease was noticeable in the imports by
Great Britain. At the same time the
exports from Canada to the United
States, exclusive of the precious metals,
showed also a decrease, while the im-
ports from the United States showed a
very large increase. Why is our policy
of preferential trade a failure? Mr.
Charlton was asked this question at the
National Reciprocity Convention in the
United States after the manufac-
turers of that country had duly con-
gratulated themselves upon the result.
He replied, "The Canadian tariff against
England has a rebate of 33 1-3 per cent.,
but the goods imported from the two
countries are dissimilar, and the rates of
duty on the goods from England happen
to be higher than the rates of duty on
the class of goods coming from the
United States, and the net result, the
total duty, is almost the same." This
is not very luminous, but if it means
anything at all, it means that what was
given with one hand was taken away
with the other; that it was given on
articles which we had to buy in Great
Britain, make ourselves, or go without,
and that our tariff remained high enough
to educate us to consume them in ever-
decreasing quantities. If Mr. Charlton is
correct, the preference, so far as any
advantage to Great Britain goes, is a
glittering delusion. A much more serious
matter, however, is our largely increased
imports from the United States paid for
by our exports of the precious metals,
and the fact that these increased im-
ports largely consist of manufactured
products, while our exports largely con-
sist of crude ores and metals. That
means that the mineral development of
Canada, such a striking feature of our
history during the last seven years, is
going to feed the industry of the United
States, and not the industry of our own
country. That again means that those
of our own people, the brightest and
most progressive, who are those attracted
to industrial pursuits, are drawn away
from Canada in a continuous stream.
Not only our wealth, but our vital en-
ergy, must in this way be drained out
of our country. No political theory can,
for a moment, obstruct the stern logic
of facts, contained in the actual figures
of our trade. It is only a policy of ag-
gressive national protection, which can
possibly save us from this exhausting
drain, which is bound to limit our ex-
pansion and compress us within the
limits of a second rate country dependent
upon our neighbors to the South.

MAKING DAY.

Today is the anniversary of the relief
of Mafeking. Even at this short inter-
val of time it requires an effort to realize
the intensity of emotion stirred by the
relief of Mafeking. Strategically the
place was of little or no importance, a
mere collection of corrugated iron houses
in a desert. Except as the scene of one
of the most brilliant feats of arms in
British history, it is never likely to be heard
of again. But, during a time of anxiety
and stress, when the Empire was shaken
to its core by a series of unparalleled and
wholly unexpected misfortunes, it be-
came the emblem of that grasp which
never relaxes, of that bulldog tenacity
which never gives up, and as such, its
continued safe keeping the guarantee of
ultimate success. The difference made
to the actual operations in South Africa
by the surrender of Mafeking would
have been infinitesimal, but the differ-
ence in the morale not only of the troops,
but of Britons everywhere, had it been
given up, would have been enormous.
It was the honor of our arms which was
in the keeping of Colonel Baden Powell,
and it could not have been in better
hands. He was without lines of com-
munication, adequate artillery, and in
fact everything supposed to be necessary
in campaigning. But he possessed of un-
less spirit and immense resources of na-
tive ingenuity. His is one of the few
military reputations which have had less
added to them in South Africa, we
mean among our leaders, because the
courage and endurance of the army as a
whole stood the test magnificently. We
should not forget Mafeking and its gal-
lant defenders today.

Mr. Smith Curtis caused a furore in
the House yesterday when he threatened
that he would introduce no more amend-
ments. His dire menace was received
with an enthusiastic chorus of "Hear,
hears."

This afternoon the local artillery corps
will be inspected at Beacon Hill, and in
cases where attendance at this parade
will interfere with business, the indul-
gence of employers is asked, so that as
far as possible there may be a full
muster.

By Practical Experience the
Ladies Know That

DIAMOND DYES

Are The Best For Home Work

It is the easiest matter in the world
to dye with the Diamond Dyes, as thou-
sands of women know from practical ex-
perience. By this work, any intelligent
woman can make old clothing look like
new, and save a great many dollars in
the course of the year. One ten cent
package of Diamond Dyes often saves
the cost of a new gown, for it makes the
old one look like new.

Mrs. Alex. McGillis, Winnipeg, Man.,
says: "Your Diamond Dyes are home
treasures. I have used them with great
success for many years. The colors are
fast and beautiful, and washing cannot
change them. I would send miles for
Diamond Dyes, rather than buy with
worthless imitations if sent to me free
of cost."

Diamond Dye Mat and Rug Patterns
richly colored on the best Scotch Hes-
ian, can be ordered by mail. Send for
free sheets of designs to select from.
The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited,
200 Mountain St., Montreal, P.Q.

TRUSCOTT MARINE MOTORS

The simplest,
most powerful, and
most efficient
gasoline engine
of their class upon
the market.

Made single, double
and triple cylinder
both two and four
stroke. Delivered from
1 to 40 H. P.
Catalogue for this
asking.
R. HUTCHISON
Agent,
Victoria, B. C.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

CHRONIC CASES.

Sir,—Will you kindly allow space for
the following information respecting the
proposed scheme for assisting a few of
the "chronic cases" of the city? Last Mon-
day evening a petition signed by 65 res-
idents was presented to the Mayor and
Council, asking that the Home on the cor-
ner of North Park and Quadra streets, be
not allowed to be used as a "Home for
Incurables, and cases of cancer and con-
sumption." This, as has already been
pointed out in your paper, was an entirely
false idea of the Home. The petition was
referred to the Board of Health, which
at the meeting last evening, recommended
that although there was no medical reason
to stop the Home being opened, that an-
other locality should be chosen in deference
to the wishes of the residents. The Home
Nursing Society has informed the Mayor
that it must reluctantly give up the new
work until such time as another Home can
be found. Meanwhile, as the petition was
not presented until the very day when the
house was to be inhabited, the society is
involved in certain expenses consequent
upon having entered into an agreement with
the landlord, and made necessary arrange-
ments with Mrs. Herbert. It would clearly
be wrong to use for this purpose the
funds of the society or any of the generous
donations that have been given towards
starting the Home, so any contributions
towards defraying the expenses will be
thankfully received.

EDITH C. PERRIN,
Secretary Home Nursing Society.
Bishopsclose, May 16th, 1902.

THE KIND OF WORK DONE BY

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

Mrs. S. W. Sullivan, of Orillia, Ont.,
Had Rheumatism So Bad She
Could Not Raise Her Head,
and Could Not Walk
Owing to Pains and
Stiffness of
Joints.

After the Use of Two Bottles of Paine's
Celery Compound Her Agonies and
Pains are Banished, and She
Finds Herself as Strong
as Ever Before.

True merit, prompt and effective re-
sults, and reasonable prices, have given
Paine's Celery Compound a position on
the highest round of the ladder of fame.
Paine's Celery Compound is today, the
only spring medicine asked for and
bought by thoughtful and discerning peo-
ple. For the treatment of serious dis-
eases, such as rheumatism, neuralgia,
nervous disorders and blood troubles,
Paine's Celery Compound has no equal.

The credit of Paine's Celery Compound
has advanced to such a high eminence,
that amongst the millions who use it, we
find the names of millionaires, bankers,
professional men, wealthy merchants and
women of note. All have made it their
chosen remedy for the cure of chronic
diseases and for the banishment of the
little ailments that often make life mis-
erable.

Paine's Celery Compound in the op-
inion of the leading druggists and physi-
cians, has displaced nearly all the com-
mon advertised medicines of the day.
This great work has been accomplished
only by merit and genuine cures. Rheu-
matism, neuralgia and nervous disorders
take flight in springtime when Paine's
Celery Compound is used for a time.
Why delay the work of health building
when such a life giver is within your
reach? Test its efficacy this very day.
Mrs. Sullivan writes as follows:

"I was so badly afflicted with rheu-
matism that I could not raise my hands
to my head, and often could not walk
owing to pains and stiffness of joints.
At night I rarely slept owing to ner-
vousness and feelings of exhaustion. I
commenced to use Paine's Celery Com-
pound, and soon found myself greatly re-
lieved, and after use of the first bottle
my pains and nervous feelings were ban-
ished. In order to make the cure com-
plete, I used the second bottle of Paine's
Celery Compound, and now I am as
strong as ever before. I sleep well, ap-
petite is always good, and my digestive
vigor all that I could wish for."

"Queen's Head"

GALVANIZED IRON.

TRADE MARK
CANADA
The standard of the world.
Its quality has made it so.
Every sheet is guaranteed.
Your jobber can supply genuine
"Queen's Head."

JOHN LYSAGHT, Limited, Makers,
A. G. LESLIE & CO., Montreal,
Managers Canadian Branch.

ALBERT F. GRIFFITHS

SECRETARY TO PUBLIC COMPANIES

ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

88 1-2 Government Street,

JUST ARRIVED

Large Shipment

Fine Worsteds and Fancy Tweeds

For Spring and Summer Wear.

WOSANG

85 Store Street.

Cactus Dahlias

(First Prize and Medal.)

The best and most up-to-date varieties in
the province to be had "only" from

E. WILKERS

DAHLIA SPECIALIST

Victoria Nursery, 214 Yates St. Phone A340

EDUCATIONAL.

The H. B. A. Vogel Commercial College

We teach thorough office methods entirely
and use no text books or "system" for
bookkeeping. We teach and place our
students into positions in six months.
Short-hand and typewriting. Send for illus-
trated prospectus.

P. O. Box 847, Vancouver, B. C.

BISHOP SCOT ACADEMY

FOUNDED 1870.

A Home School for Boys. Military
and manual training. Competent
faculty; fine buildings. For illus-
trated catalogue write to

BISHOP SCOT ACADEMY

CHURCH'S ALABASTINE

Is a wall coating made from alabaster rock.
Is not a kalsomine, but a cement that hardens
with age.

Is made in twenty beautiful tints and white.
Anyone can brush it on—no one can rub it off.
Ask any Hardware or Paint Dealer for tint card.
ALABASTINE is never sold in bulk.
Write for book of instructions, sent free, and learn
how to "Make Home Beautiful."
Painters, send for our offer, "Two Good Things."

Address
THE ALABASTINE CO., Limited
PARIS, ONT.

ALABASTINE CO. PARIS, ONT.
ALABASTINE CO. PARIS, ONT.

CURSE OF DRINK

IF ANY MEMBER OF YOUR FAMILY DRINKS,
the taste for liquor can be removed permanently by
giving Tasteless Samaria Prescription secretly in
food or drink. Failure impossible. Free sample,
testimonials, price sent sealed. Write SAMARIA
REMEDY CO., 377 Argyle Street, Toronto, Ont.

CURED SECRETLY

Prepare for the 24th.

SUPERB CLARET, at 25c. and 35c. per bottle.
NATIVE PORT, 25c. per bottle.
LUNCH BASKETS at 25c., 35c. and 40c.

DEVILLED HAM. CHICKEN LOAF. HAM LOAF.
BONDED TURKEY. LUNGH TONGUE.
RABBIT AND BACON. HONOLULU TURKEY.
JELLIED TENDERLOIN.

For cold lunches—everything desirable at reasonable prices.

Erskine, Wall & Co.

Telephone 88 The Leading Grocers

AN HONEST TALE

SPEEDS BEST WHEN

PLAINLY TOLD.

Here are the prices. That's all:

SPRING SUITS, - - - \$12 TO \$25
SPRING OVERCOATS, - - - \$12 TO \$22
SPRING TROUSERS, - - - \$3 TO \$6
SPRING SUITS FOR YOUTHS, - \$5 TO \$10

See our Spring Neckwear, Spring Shirts,

Spring Underwear.

Fit-Reform Wardrobe

73 Government Street.

Mail Orders Receive Prompt Attention.

Kind Lady (horrid)—My child, I hope

you don't swear. Small boy—Saw; not

much; but I'm learning. Say, youse other

hear my paw—Ohio State Journal.

New Alberni-Nanaimo

Mail Stage

Victoria to New Alberni in one day, via
E. & N. R. R.
Leaves New Alberni Mondays and Thurs-
days at 7:00 a. m. o'clock.

Leaves Nanaimo post office Tuesday and
Friday at 11 a. m., calling at Wellington
and leaving there at 1 o'clock p. m., or on
arrival of train, arriving at New Alberni
10:30 o'clock same day. Fare, New Alberni
to Victoria via E. & N. R. R., \$5.20; Alberni
to Victoria and return via E. & N. R. R.,
\$8.05.

WOODLEY & VIPOND.

SPECIA' BARGAIN.

10 acres, nearly all cleared, mostly
cultivated, inside city limits, not far
from car line. Price \$2,200.

SWINERTON & ODDY,

106 Government Street.

Fancy Silk Goods

Laquered and Porcelain Vases. Great-
est reduction in prices. No goods just
coming in.

ORIENTAL BAZAAR, 90 Douglas Street.

YOKOHAMA BAZAAR, 162 Government

Street, near Victoria Hotel.

HERBERT E. SNOOK

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

639 Burke Building,

SEATTLE, - - - WASH.

G. J. BAGSHAW & SON

ROSS BAY

CEMETERY GARDENERS.

Terms Moderate. Satisfaction

Guaranteed.

W. H. SMITH,

LICENSED

CEMETERY GARDENER.

Get prices and information from me and

save much unnecessary expense and bother.

New English Sailor Hats

From 25c. to \$1.50.

Ladies' White Skirts

From 90c. to \$7.50.

Ladies' Denim Skirts

From \$2.25 to \$3.00.

The B. C.

Permanent Loan

And Savings Co.

321 Cambie St. Vancouver.

Mrs. W. Bickford

61 and 63 FORT STREET.

SPENCER'S

Saturday Sale of Men's Tweed Suits

Tweed Suits, Sack Coats. Regular value \$7.50.. \$5.00

Saturday.....

Tweed Suits, double breasted Sack Coats, Regular

value \$10, Saturday..... \$7.50

There are from 50 to 75 Suits in this offering. Every one is made in
the best possible manner. No matter how little you pay for a suit in this
store, you are sure of a thoroughly satisfactory article. Your money
back if you want it. There is a good assortment of styles in all sizes.

Specials for Saturday

In the Millinery Dept.

Children's Muslin Sun Hats and Bonnets. These are

taken from our regular stock at 40c and 50c..... 25c.

Children's Muslin Sun Hats and Bonnets. These are

taken from our regular stock at 85c and \$1.00.. 50c.

Ladies' White Sailor Hats

A table at..... 25c. and 50c

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

Special Values.....

CASCARA
BURDOCK AND GELERY
TONIC BITTERS
 \$1.00 Per Bottle.

A Spring Tonic
Of Great Merit
Cyrus H. Bowes
 CHEMIST, 98 Government St.
 Telephone 425, near Yates St.

Not the Best on Earth
 But the Best for the Money

THE NUGGET CIGAR
 Union Made. Havana Filled.

Our Lending Library

We are changing from two to three hundred books a month in our "Lending Library." We are quite sure that if our citizens better understood its advantages they could change a thousand a month. Drop in and we will tell you all about it. Latest Addition: **THE LIGHT OF WATY**, Gilbert Parker's greatest book.

VICTORIA BOOK & STATIONERY CO., Ltd.
 A. K. MUNRO, President.
 H. S. HENDERSON, Manager.

BUSINESS LOCALS

Lawn Mowers and Grass Shears, at Cheapside.

Imperial Ceylon Tea—Erskine, Wall & Co., sole agents.

Sheet steel camp stoves, various sizes and styles at Clarke & Pearson's, 17 Yates street.

Carpets renovated and laid. All kinds of upholstering done at Smith & Chalmers. 'Phone 718.

If you have beauty, I will take it.
 If you have none, I will make it.
SAVANNAH PHOTO.
 Five Sisters' Block.

Don't miss scanning the 8th page of this paper. You will find it interesting.

For summer furnishings, camping outfit, etc., Weiler Bros. are headquarters.

Special—Carpenters' Tools at Cheapside.

Wright & Ditson, Ayre's

LAWN TENNIS RACQUETS AND BALLS.

Large Stock Just Received.

John Barnsley & Co.
 115 GOVERNMENT ST.

Twenty loans amounting to Twenty-two Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty Dollars, were granted at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the B. C. Permanent Loan & Savings Company, held at the Head Office, 321 Cambie St., Vancouver, on Tuesday, the 13th inst., making a total of thirty-eight loans, amounting to \$422,350.00 granted in the last eight days.

The most reasonable place in the city to have your carpets cleaned and laid again, your awnings made and hung, your furniture upholstered, or your feather pillows and mattresses renovated, is at the "Sanitary Feather Works," Deacon & Hurd, proprietors. 'Phone 302.

Lot for Sale, James Bay. J. M. Johnston, 105 Johnston St.

DO YOU WISH TO BORROW?

On first mortgage improved property? If so, I can place your loan, giving you the privilege of repaying the amount borrowed in a definite number of monthly payments of principal and interest, with the privilege of repayment at any time after the third year. Definite contract in mortgage limiting payments. Definite terms furnished showing amount required to discharge loan at any time after the third year. No membership fees. No dues. Building loans made, money advanced as building progresses. **R. S. DAY.**
 42 FORT STREET.

Garden Tools of all kinds at Cheapside.

Awnings, boat cushions and canopies made to order at Smith & Chalmers, 100 Douglas street. 'Phone 718.

Going Up in Smoke.—We have cigars and tobaccos to burn, and plenty of it. Come down and "hit the pipe" at Frank Campbell's and Charlie Collins', 70 Government street, corner Trowne avenue.

Fruit Packages.

F. R. STEWART & CO. Wholesale Fruit and Provision Merchants, have arranged to handle a full assortment of strawberry, raspberry, plum, cherry, apple and pear boxes. To secure lowest prices place your orders promptly.

"The Sterling," 30 Government St., will be closed today and tomorrow to enable the marking down of all goods, previous to the final winding up sale, which will commence Saturday morning, 17th instant.



Every new style, every new idea in furnishings is right at our finger's ends.

Special Neckwear

Have received a large range of exclusive patterned SPARKLING with BRIGHTNESS, NEWNESS AND ORIGINALITY.

SEA & GOWEN,

Men's Furnishers and Hatters.
 80 Douglas Street.

Lace Parlors.

A fine assortment of SILK ARABIAN BRAIDS, LINEN BRAIDS, COLORED LINENS, JAPANESE LINENS AND EMBROIDERED SILKS.
 The latest lace designs always on hand.
MRS. F. V. ROBERTSON.
 25 Five Sisters' Block.

LAWN MOWERS.

The Most Modern at Moderate Prices.

WATSON & Mcgregor
 'Phone 745, 90 JOHNSON ST.

Governor of New Guinea

Among Notable Passengers on the Miowera—The Massacre of Missionaries.

Investigation of Cannibal's Crime—Skull of Rev. Mr. Chalmers Found.

Steamer Miowera, which reached port yesterday morning, had a large number of passengers, including some noted Australians, bound to the coronation. Included were Mr. Le Hunt, governor of New Guinea; Mr. Eden-George and Mr. Fisher, members of the New South Wales parliament; Messrs. Lucas and Taylor, the former engineer of the Telegraph Construction & Maintenance company, contractors for the Pacific cable, and the latter, representative of the Pacific Cable board, on the steamer Anglia. Mrs. Syme, sister of Hon. George Holt, was another passenger. All were bound to London in company with many more to attend the coronation. There was also a large steerage list, including some who are bound to the Yukon.

Mr. Le Hunt, the governor of New Guinea, shortly before leaving the colony in the South Seas, made a full investigation of the massacre of Rev. James Chalmers and Rev. C. F. Tompkins by the blacks some month ago. With the party he proceeded to Gorbairi where he was enthusiastically successful in establishing pacific relations with the surrounding tribes. At the two villages that were directly concerned in the massacre, Mr. Le Hunt declined to make friends with the people. The actual murderers of the Rev. James Chalmers and the Rev. C. F. Tompkins, who, with the mission boys, were the victims of the crime, were pointed out to the Lieutenant-Governor. Owing, however, to the fact that the party had approached the natives on an avowed pacific expedition, Mr. Le Hunt did not feel justified in then taking measures to bring the culprits to justice. At a future date such action will be justifiable. No difficulty is anticipated in the apprehension of the murderers.

When the natives were asked for a motive for the crime they said that it had been committed simply in accordance with their customs. The actual murderers, they said, had no thought of vengeance. They had an old custom, which was invariably followed, by which at the conclusion of the erection of a sacred house a cannibal feast was held. Mr. Hunt, a missionary who accompanied the Governor, thinks that the Rev. James Chalmers and party arrived at the village when one of these feasts was anticipated, and their arrival saved the natives the trouble of a tribal cannibal raid.

The Lieutenant-Governor made strenuous efforts to secure the skulls of the unfortunate missionaries who were murdered. For some time his efforts were fruitless. The people of Dopina, at which village the massacre took place, absolutely declined to part with the skulls. After much negotiation the party got the services of a native from a neighboring village, who undertook to procure the skulls for the Lieutenant-Governor. He succeeded in getting the skull of the Rev. Joseph Chalmers, but that of Mr. Tompkins could not be located, and was believed to have been taken into the interior.

"It is a custom of the natives," said Mr. Le Hunt, "to hoard and protect the skulls of victims with jealous care. In the sacred house at Turrore, one of the villages concerned in the crime, 700 skulls were found; at another village 400 were discovered, and in addition quantities of human remains."

The skull of the Rev. James Chalmers was given by the Lieutenant-Governor to Mr. Hunt, by whom it was taken to Sydney on the missionary steamer John Williams.

The Lieutenant-Governor has obtained six months' leave of absence. During his absence Sir Francis Winter, chief justice of the territory, will act as lieutenant-governor. Mr. Le Hunt is to leave for Sydney before leaving on the Miowera. Mr. Le Hunt had a conference with Hon. E. Barton, premier of the Commonwealth, and an understanding was arrived at for the administration of the island, which it is believed will benefit the Commonwealth and New Guinea.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

Appreciative Letter from the City Inspector of Schools.

The monthly meeting of the Victoria Teachers' institute was held in the council chamber at the City hall yesterday afternoon. The president, Mr. E. B. Paul, occupied the chair. The following letter was read:

May 16, 1902.

E. B. Paul, Esq., President Teachers' Institute:

Dear Sir: I have great pleasure in enclosing a copy of a resolution adopted at a recent meeting of the Board of School Trustees with the request that you will kindly read it at the next meeting of the institute. I should like to add to this commendation from the board my warmest congratulations to the teachers for the credit they have won for themselves and their schools in connection with the organization and conduct of the Provincial institute meeting.

Yours respectfully,

F. H. EATON,
 City Superintendent.

The copy of the resolution of the Board of School Trustees was then read: "That the board have with great satisfaction the city superintendent's report of the part taken by the Victoria teachers, including the staff of the Manual Training school in the proceedings of the recent meeting of the Provincial institute, and that he be asked to convey to them an expression of the board's appreciation of the fact that the lessons taught and the pupils' work exhibited proved conclusively the superior efficiency of the Victoria schools."

The election of officers resulted as follows: President, Mr. Willis; vice-president, Miss Speers; secretary-treasurer, Miss Fraser; re-elected: executive, Messrs. Tait, Winsky, and E. Campbell, and Miss M. Lawson.

The next meeting will be held on the second Friday in September.

A vote of thanks was tendered the retiring president, Mr. Paul, and a suitable reply, and the meeting then adjourned.

500 Men's Braces, worth 35c. Today's Sale Price 15c. a pair at the Mammoth Bankrupt Clothing Sale, 111 Government St.

Walter S. Fraser & Co., Ltd.

DEALERS IN HARDWARE

Iron, Steel, Pipe, Fittings, and Brass Goods, Building, Mining and Logging Supplies a Specialty. Contractors Plant, Picks, Shovels, Barrows, Etc.

A Large Consignment of Norway Iron just to hand from England.

'WHARF STREET

TELEPHONE NO. 5. P.O. BOX 423, VICTORIA, B.C.

RINGS! RINGS!! RINGS!!!



Diamond Rings are always beautiful, whether alone or in combination with other stones. We can show you a great variety of Rings either with or without stone settings. Engagement Rings, Wedding Rings, Keeper Rings, Birthday Rings, Children's Rings, and Rings for all purposes at prices ranging from \$1.00 to \$250 each. Call and see them.

C. E. REDFERN,

43 Government St.

Established 1892. Telephone 118.

Mount Sicker Camp.

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE

To be in on the ground floor, as this district cannot fail to become the largest camp in B. C. The Copper Canyon Mine, by the last few strikes of very rich ore, has proved to be on the same ledge as the Lemora and Type Mines. A LIMITED AMOUNT of treasury stock of the Mount Sicker & Brenton Mining Co. will be sold at 5c. per share (par value 25c), in fact JUST ENOUGH to complete the working and start the mine shipping. As soon as this occurs you will find it difficult to purchase the stock at par.

W. A. DIER, 41 Government St



Blouse Sale

CONTINUED AT THE

Victoria House, 82 Yates St.

We have received another shipment of Blouses, which we have marked at our Sale Prices, owing to their late arrival. We are offering:

200 Blouses, worth 75c. 50c each, at
 200 Blouses, worth \$1.25 \$1.00 each, at

And hundreds of others from \$1.25 to \$2.75 each, marked at 50c. They will clear them out this season, as it is our policy not to carry one Blouse over to another year.

G. A. RICHARDSON & CO.

ARE YOU FASTIDIOUS

About Your Underwear?

Then ask your dealer to show the nicest he has and he will bring out



COMBINATION SUITS

They are perfection of fit, finish and material. Made in all weights and sizes for men, women and children.

Manufactured by

THE KNIT-TO-FIT MFG. CO., 613 LAGAUCHETIERE STREET, MONTREAL

Agents for Victoria, The Hutcheson Co., Ltd.

JUDGMENT FOR THE DEFENDANTS

Decision in Case of Hyland vs the Canadian Development Company.

Judgment was handed down yesterday by Mr. Justice Drake in the case of Hyland v. Canadian Development Co., suit for \$750, the value of goods supplied and services rendered at Telegraph Creek, in the Cassiar country. The action was dismissed with costs. In rendering judgment, the learned Judge said that the plaintiff was to be pitied, as the order upon which his case depended appeared to have been lost in the mails, while a like fatality seemed to have attended each of the witnesses whose evidence was essential to proving the contract. As it was, however, there was no doubt that Macdonald, who had ordered the supplies and work, had been at that time the agent of the company, and so the plaintiff's case must fail.

Mr. Justice Drake presided in chambers and disposed of several applications, as follows:

Wilson v. Canadian Development Co.—W. M. Griffin applied for approval of a bond for security on appeal to Supreme Court of Canada, which was granted.

Wilson v. Davison, et al.—On application by plaintiff for judgment under Order XIV, A. F. H. Martin, for defendant, contended that the amount claimed had been paid in, and costs on County Court scale tendered, plaintiff was not entitled to costs of this summons. Judgment was given for plaintiff, with County Court costs and costs of summons. F. B. Gregory appeared for plaintiff.

Smoke v. Shaw, et al.—Application for leave to examine judgment debtor was adjourned till the 21st inst. by consent. A. F. R. Martin for plaintiff, A. L. Belver, K.C., for defendants.

Re Geo. Nicholson, deceased.—W. C. Moresby, for administrator, applied for and obtained leave to accept an offer for purchase of land.

Gore, et al. v. Boscowitz.—B. G. Goward for plaintiffs, obtained leave to issue writ and serve defendant out of the jurisdiction, fourteen days after service allowed for appearance.

Re estate of Jessie A. Munger.—F. Higgins obtained probate of will.

In the various suits of Clearblue, V. G. Co., Blackett & Co., and the Tigney Yukon Co. against the White Pass & Yukon Railway Co., R. Cassidy, K.C., for defendants, applied for particulars of the "duress and coercion" alleged in

CAMPBELL'S



NEW WHITE ORGANDIE SUITS

Beautifully finished and trimmed with Val Lace.

CHILDREN'S WASH SUITS

A nice selection of Children's Navy White and Crash Wash Suits.

DAINTY SHIRT WAIST

THE LATEST STYLES IN GRASS LINEN, ORGANDIE AND MUSLIN BLOUSES.

SEEDS

THE BRACKMAN-KER MILLING COMPANY, LTD.

SPRING SEEDING WILL SOON COMMENCE.

We are prepared to supply Your orders with the *Choicest* quality of Grass and Clover Seeds as well as a well selected stock of seed grain.

WIGS SWITCHES, CURLS, ETC.

Comings made up in any style. Theatrical and masquerade wigs to let. Country orders promptly attended to. Hair-dressing, shampooing, face massage. A large stock of hair and ornaments, also fringe hats, always on hand.

G. KOSCHE

56 Douglas St., near Fort.

Keast's Livery Stables

DUNCAN.

Operating Crofton and Mt. Sicker Stages.

Duncan to Mt. Sicker daily, except Sunday. Westholme to Crofton, daily. Double service Sat., Sun. and Wed. Both stages connect with E. & N. trains.

See Windows

For a Few of the LATEST PATTERNS IN

Summer Suitings

NO TWO LIKE AT

PEDEN'S

Successor to Geo. R. Jackson, Merchant Tailor, 36 Fort Street.

NOTICE.

The Blakely

WILL ARRIVE.

But we are already here for first class repair work, including SEWING MACHINES, OASH REGISTERS, LAWN MOWERS, WRINGERS, ETC.

PHONE 446. 58 FORT STREET

WAITES BROS.

Sale of

Sewing Machines.

1 Singer hand machine \$ 5.00

1 Singer, 5 drawers, good attachments 15.00

1 Singer old style, sews well 5.00

1 Domestic, 7 drawers, attachments, 15.00

1 Wheeler & Wilson, 2 drawers and box cover 5.00

1 Wheeler & Wilson, 3 drawers, good attachments 15.00

1 Wheeler & Wilson, 4 drawers, new No. 9, with all the latest improvements, golden oak 35.00

1 New Home, 5 drawers, oak wood-work 35.00

1 Fine Drop Head Singer, latest style 10.00

1 White, very little used, attachments 15.00

We rent, repair or exchange all makes of machines. Everything we sell you is warranted. Open evenings.

SAM B. SUTTON,

72 Fort St., Victoria.

CROQUET

Just received direct from London. ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL SETS. Also EXTRA MALLETS, BALLS, PEGS and Clips.

Ordinary CROQUET SETS also kept in stock.

M. W. Waitt & Co.

44 Government St.

NOLTE

GLASSES ADJUSTED. EYES TESTED FREE.

6 New and Beautiful Songs.

"TELL ME PRETTY MAIDEN," (From Flora Dora).

"ABSENCE" By A. R. Little.

"MIGHTY LAK A ROSE" By Ethelbert North.

"I LOVE YOU DEAR, AND ONLY YOU"—From "The Burzumaster."

"AUF WEIDERSIEHN"—By R. G. Cole.

"VIOLETS"—By Roma.

We make a specialty of trying over new music.

FLETCHER BROS.

93 Government Street.



It is Foolish

And dangerous to put off the use of glasses until the eyes pain and eyes head ache. On the first indication of trouble, have your eyes attended to. I give the best and most up-to-date service, and guarantee satisfaction.

A. P. BLYTH, SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN

65 Fort Street, near Douglas.

Here's Your Hat

The most quality and the most style for the least money. We don't claim the earth, but we do guarantee every hat we sell.

NEW STRAWS,

NEW STIFFS

NEW FEDORAS

NEW SOFTS

NEW PRICES

W. G. Cameron,

Victoria's Cheapest Cash Clothier.

55 JOHNSON STREET.

Heintzman & Co.

PIANOS.

The artistic Piano of Canada.

Have enjoyed an enviable reputation among musical public for over half a century.

M. W. Waitt & Co.

Sole Agents. 44 Govt. St.

Special Bargains

LADIES' AND GENTS' CHAMOIS VESTS, CHEST PROTECTORS, ETC.

Protect yourself in time!

Don't fail to try our Compound Cough Syrup. A sure cure for Coughs, etc.

B. C. Drug Store,

Phone 350. 27 Johnson St.

WALNUTS

We have received a shipment of Colonia Soft Shelled Walnuts. These nuts gave so good satisfaction at Xmas that we sent in a repeat order. So if you want to make good fancy cakes now is your time. We guarantee same.

ALSO NATURAL FIGS, WHICH ARE SELLING FOR 10c. PER LB.

MOWAT & WALLACE, Grocers.

THE WEATHER.

Metecological Office, Victoria, May 16, 8 p. m.
SYNOPSIS.
A low barometer area is centered over Vancouver Island and another over the Rocky Mountains. These disturbances have caused a general rain on this and the Washington coasts and inland across to Alberta. Rain is falling on the Lower Mainland, in Cariboo and at Edmonton. Further east the weather is fair and moderately warm.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	48	52
New Westminster	48	52
Kamloops	48	52
Barkerville	48	52
Whitman	48	52
Portland, Ore.	50	58
San Francisco	52	62
Dawson	38	50

FORECASTS.
For 24 hours from 5 a. m. (Pacific time).
Saturday.
Victoria and vicinity: Southerly winds, unsettled, with showers.
Lower Mainland: Unsettled with occasional rains.

VICTORIA DAILY RECORD.
Report for 24 hours ending 5 p. m. Observations taken daily at 5 a. m., noon and 5 p. m.

	Deg.	Moan.	Deg.
5 a. m.	48	51	51
5 p. m.	50	52	52
5 p. m.	52	52	52

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a. m. 8 miles southeast.
5 p. m. 12 miles southeast.
5 p. m. 10 miles west.
Average state of weather—Showery.
Rain—38 inches.

Barometer at noon—Observed—29.762
Corrected—29.777

NEW WESTMINSTER.
Barometer at 5 p. m.—Corrected—29.76

TO HAVE BEAUTIFUL SKIN.
Every one who would have a clear, soft, velvet skin free from pimples, blackheads, redness and skin diseases, should use Dr. Chase's Ointment.

It is a true food for the skin, does not clog the pores as do powders, and insures permanent benefit. There is not a single itching, burning skin disease, or women or children that Dr. Chase's Ointment will not cure. Mothers find it invaluable for Baby Eczema, scald head and chafing on the little ones.

We have 289 Pair of Men's Shoes in Tan Vici Kid Goodyear Welt, Black Box Calif. Ox Blood Bals, on newest lasts, in sizes from 6 to 10, worth regularly \$4.50 a pair. Today's Sale Price \$2.95 a pair at The Mammoth Bankrupt Clothing Sale, 111 Government St.

God is not likely to trust truth to the keeping of the man who can not keep his temper.

They make one feel as though life was worth living. Take one of Carter's Little Liver Pills after eating: it will relieve dyspepsia, indigestion, give tone and vigor to the system.

Drink pure filtered water and guard against sickness, by getting a Doulton manganese carbon filter at Weller Bros.

The portraits of Mrs. and Miss Rosevelt, painted by a French artist, are said to be attracting favorable notice in Paris.

Keep your eyes open and be sure that when you ask for Perry Davis' Pinkettes you get just that and nothing else. Use it promptly to cure cramps, diarrhoea and all other bowel complaints in summer.

The unrivaled "Osteometer" elastic foot mattress is now sold by Weller Bros. at same prices as in the Eastern cities—\$15.00 net cash for the full size.

All of the 75c., 65c. and 50c. Neckties in Four-in-Hand, Flowing Ends, 25c. Today, at The Mammoth Bankrupt Clothing Sale, 111 Government Street.

The announcement that King Oscar of Sweden is writing his memoirs is an item of interest, but hardly comes as a surprise for the reason that he has so frequently and so successfully written literature that he might reasonably be expected to try his hand at state eulogies and personal reminiscences. Among his books are a life of Charles XII and a translation of Goethe's "Faust."

The bill to amend the Vancouver and Westminster Railway Act, was again committed to the committee of the whole. Mr. Murphy in the chair. This bill was also reported complete with amendments.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION.
The report on the Workmen's Compensation bill was adopted.

V. AND S. N. RAILWAY.
The bill to incorporate the Victoria & Seymour Narrows Railway company was reported complete with amendments.

BILLS OF SALE.
In committee of the whole on Mr. McPhillips bill to amend the Bills of Sale Act, Mr. Taylor in the chair. Mr. McPhillips offered a long amendment based on the Act in force in Ontario. Mr. Curtis rose triumphantly and declared the government would not accept the amendment proposed by him covering the same principle, and now they were substituting themselves by a tacit agreement to Mr. McPhillips' proposal.

Mr. Martin pointed out that Mr. Curtis was entirely mistaken, and pointed out the nature of his error, which Mr. Curtis was obliged to acknowledge. Mr. Martin, who is the brother of the House, remarked that it was too true that on the only occasion upon which he had squarely caught the government he was forced to acknowledge that he had jumped too soon to a conclusion.

The bill was reported complete with amendments.

TRADES UNIONS.
Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Provincial Legislature

Several Bills Pass Committee and Ready for Third Reading.

Mr. Curtis' Trades Union Bill Strongly Opposed By Mr. Martin.

Legislative Chamber, May 16, 1902.

Mr. Speaker took the chair at 2:30 p. m.

On motion of Hon. Mr. Prentice, the House proceeded to deal with private bills.

Mr. McBride asked if it was the intention of the government to bring down a new railway policy on Monday?

The question was ruled out of order as one of which notice should have been given.

Hon. Mr. Prentice explained that the object of taking up private bills was in order that something might be done—the opposition having declared their intention of obstructing public business.

P. N. AND O. RAILWAY.

Consideration of Mr. Ellison's bill to amend the Pacific Northern & Ontario Railway Act, was resumed in committee of the whole. Mr. Hayward in the chair.

Section 3, inserted as an amendment by Mr. Curtis, relating to the employment of aliens, was reconsidered.

Mr. Ellison said the intention of this clause would in all probability cause the disallowance of the bill at Ottawa, and as the government had promised to bring down a bill dealing with the clause, but he felt certain it would not be brought down.

Mr. McBride, on behalf of the opposition, accepted the assurance of the House, and said that an omnibus bill would be brought down, which would place the province definitely and effectually on record on this all-important question. The Hon. the Attorney-General had handed him all the correspondence received by the government, and he was satisfied that the position taken by the government was the correct one.

Mr. Curtis strongly opposed the elimination of the section, and declared if the motion carried he would not offer another amendment during the session.

Mr. Hayward pointed out the absurdity of Mr. Curtis' proposal—every time the Legislature was assembled the cost to the country was \$80,000.

Mr. McPhillips had always held the position of such assurance as ultra vires of a provincial legislature, and although he, as much as any honorable member, was opposed to Asiatic immigration, he would vote for striking out the clause.

Hon. Mr. Eberts said he was just as anxious as any honorable member could possibly be to keep out Asiatics, but the argument of certain honorable gentlemen that the clause was so utterly drawn that the Minister of Justice would fail to grasp its true meaning, struck him as absurd. If the House insisted upon it he would not oppose the motion.

The section under discussion, and which was defeated, reads as follows:

Notwithstanding anything contained in the said Act, the company shall not have the right to purchase, lease or use any lands belonging to the province until it has entered into a contract with the provincial government with terms and conditions such as the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council may prescribe.

The bill was then reported complete with amendments.

VANCOUVER AND WESTMINSTER RAILWAY.

The bill to amend the Vancouver & Westminster Railway Act, was again committed to the committee of the whole. Mr. Murphy in the chair. This bill was also reported complete with amendments.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION.

The report on the Workmen's Compensation bill was adopted.

V. AND S. N. RAILWAY.

The bill to incorporate the Victoria & Seymour Narrows Railway company was reported complete with amendments.

BILLS OF SALE.

In committee of the whole on Mr. McPhillips bill to amend the Bills of Sale Act, Mr. Taylor in the chair. Mr. McPhillips offered a long amendment based on the Act in force in Ontario. Mr. Curtis rose triumphantly and declared the government would not accept the amendment proposed by him covering the same principle, and now they were substituting themselves by a tacit agreement to Mr. McPhillips' proposal.

Mr. Martin pointed out that Mr. Curtis was entirely mistaken, and pointed out the nature of his error, which Mr. Curtis was obliged to acknowledge. Mr. Martin, who is the brother of the House, remarked that it was too true that on the only occasion upon which he had squarely caught the government he was forced to acknowledge that he had jumped too soon to a conclusion.

The bill was reported complete with amendments.

TRADES UNIONS.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions. He could not agree with the principles set forth in section 2, and he declared Mr. Curtis' desire was not to assist trades unions, but to secure credit to himself by a pretence of so doing. He said it was not possible to have a legitimate right to trades' unions, but he was not ready to grant something which was wrong in itself. The proposal of the bill was that a trades union might hold a meeting and resolve to elect agents, and appoint agents to carry out those acts, and having done this escape liability for damages caused by their actions. The provision that the actual offender should be held liable was not sufficient, for he might be a man of straw, from whom no redress could be obtained. It would be monstrous that the law should permit this, if it so desired, to engage the lowest and most irresponsible tools to commit breaches of the law and should be held exempt from responsibility for the acts of their creatures. It was not possible to have this bill that the actual perpetrator of outrage or damage might be held guilty under the criminal law, the men who employed him should be amenable to the law, and the law should be so framed that a meeting of the kind of these hired lawbreakers might inflict very serious damage upon a company or an individual, and the injured party would have absolutely no redress at all.

Mr. Martin resumed the debate on Mr. Curtis' bill respecting Trades' unions.

FOR SALE.

50 acres of good farming property in Lake District.
Price..... \$1600.00
300 acres of good farming property in Lake District.
Price..... \$5000.00
Very easy terms of payment will be given on these properties, which are very well and conveniently situated.

PEMBERTON & SON, 45 Fort Street

JOSHUA DAVIES

AUCTIONEER.

TRADE

AUCTION SALE

WITHOUT RESERVE.

27 Packages of
ENAMELED, BLUE
AND GOLD, AND
ASSORTED . . .

EARTHENWARE

INCLUDING

CLOSETS AND LAVATORIES

From MESSRS THOMAS HUGHES & SON, Longport, Staffordshire.

EX HOLYWOOD

JUST LANDED.

ON WEDNESDAY, 21ST MAY, 1902

AT 11 O'CLOCK A.M.

At 85 Wharf Street.

Where Samples May be Seen.

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

12

Baby Carriages

Manufactured at the

BEAUHARNOIS CABINET FACTORY

TERMS CASH.

Catalogues to be had at the office of the Auctioneer.

JOSHUA DAVIES,

New Vancouver Coal Co

LIMITED.

NANAIMO, B. C.

Samuel M. Robins, Superintendent

Coal Mined by White Labor

New Wellington Coal

Washed Nuts . . \$5.00 per ton
Sack or Lump . . \$6.00 per ton
Delivered to any part within the City Limits.

KINGHAM & CO.

34 Broad St., corner Troncon Alley.
Wharf-Spratt's Wharf, Store St.
CALL 'PHONE 647

AN ATTRACTIVE
ENTERTAINMENT

Band Concert and Basketball
Match at the Drill Hall
Tonight.

Tonight the band concert at the Drill Hall should attract the largest audience of the season, as the programme to be presented is choice and varied, and the entertainment will be the last of the successful winter series.

As previously announced, the Fifth Regiment band are, by special permission, giving this concert in aid of the funds of the Tourist Association, led thereby by a generous appreciation of the work being accomplished by that organization, and the public should assist them in making the affair a perfect success.

Apart from the excellent music which the band will render, the Wasps and Fernwood basketball teams will play a match which should prove the most exciting and keenly contested sporting event to which the public have been treated for a long time, a fact which is vouched for by the personnel of the teams:

Fernwoods—C. Fairall, W. Fairall, forwards; R. Dalby, centre; W. Peden, R. B. King, backs.
Wasps—P. White, C. Berkley, forwards; W. Marchant, centre; J. Nute, C. Marshall, backs.

The concert is under the patronage of His Honor Lieutenant-Governor Sir Henri Joly de Lotbiniere and His Worship Mayor Hayward.

TRADE AUCTION

At Salesrooms 77, 79 and 81 Douglas street, TUESDAY, MAY 20th., AT 2 P.M.

Choice Flowers,
Bedding Out
and Potted
PLANTS

Including Geraniums, Fuchsias, Marguerite, Dracaenas, Umbrella Plants, Palms, Ferns, Hanging Baskets, etc.

Handaker AUCTIONEER

AUCTION

8 p.m. SATURDAY NIGHT, May 17

Jones Auction Mart,
58 Broad Street.

FURNITURE

Tea, Cigars, Hams, Etc.
BOOTS AND SHOES.

This sale will include our trial shipment of this season's Teas. We shall offer same in suitable quantities for dealers and family trade. When full information will be given. The Furniture will include a general assortment. Note.—Sale commences at 8 p.m. sharp.
W. JONES,
Dom. Govt. Auctioneer.
Tel. 294.

William Mable

CARRIAGE BUILDER AND
MANUFACTURER.

The Largest Rubber Tire Business in the city. A carload of the best and latest designs in carriages and buggies.

TERMS MODERATE.

Factory 115 Johnson St., Victoria. P. O.

Bedding Plants

Tomato Plants

Thoroughly Hardened Off,

Johnston's Seed Store,
CITY MARKET.

Victoria Day
Celebration

MEETINGS

Of various sub-committees will be held under in the Committee Room at

CITY HALL

Sports, 8 p.m., Thursday.

Members—W. H. Langley, H. Morton, B. Schwengers, W. Ditchburn, Chief Watson, Thos. Henry, R. Williams, H. O'Dell, H. L. Salmon, B. Temple, W. H. Wheeler, S. Laurie, T. Burns, Lieut. Protheroe, R. N. Leont, Blanche, R. E. Geo. Shade, J. Wilby, W. Lorimer, Rev. W. Bolton, and officers local sports associations.

All entries for Regatta must be in by 10th inst.

W. C. MORESBY, Secretary.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Lord Pauncefoot is reported very ill at Washington.

The miners' convention at Hazelton, B.C., adjourned yesterday. Steps were taken to involve in the strike all the bituminous and anthracite miners in the United States.

King Alfonso of Spain, was decorated yesterday with various foreign decorations. Among the orders bestowed was that of the Garter, which he received from the Duke of Connaught, representing King Edward.

Esther Dowle, the only daughter of Alexander Dowle, head of the Zionites, died in Chicago on Thursday night from burns, the effect of an accident. At the inquest it was brought out that Dowle had called in a physician at the last moment, too late to do any good.

FOUL, LOATHSOME, DISGUSTING CATAHRIL.—Does your head ache? Have you pain over your eyes? Is there a constant dripping in the throat? Is the breath offensive? These are certain symptoms of Catarrh. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder will cure most stubborn cases in a marvelously short time. If you've had catarrh a week it's a sure cure. It's fifty years standing it's just as effective.—12.

We have 1263 Suits of Clothes for Men and Boys that are going like hot cakes, and all at less than half prices. Don't get left, but call early and secure some of the wonderful bargains in the Clothing Department at The Mammoth Bankrupt Clothing Sale, 111 Government St.

THE STRAND HOTEL.

(Vancouver.)

Has been remodelled. All newly furnished, one block from dept. European and American plan. Prices moderate. Wood Bros., proprietors.

THE BIG SALE

OF

General Dry Goods
OPENS TODAY

AT

THE STERLING

Thousands of Yards of China, Taffeta, Japanese, Surah, Brocaded, Striped, Plaid and Dresden Silks and Satins in Black and Colors, all have to go at Slaughter Sale Prices.

Cottons.	Linings.	Notions.
Fine White Cotton, 22 yards for..... \$1 00		Hooks and Eyes, per package..... 1c
" " " 36-inch, 16 yds.		Hair Pins, per box..... 1c
for 1 00	Heavy Grey Silesia, per yard..... 7c	Pins, per paper..... 2c
36-inch Grey Cotton, 22 yards for..... 1 00	Heavier Quality Silesia, per yard.... 9c	Needles, per package..... 2c
36 - inch Heavy Grey Cotton, 20 yards for..... 1 00	Best Quality Waist Lining, regular 25c. line, per yard..... 12½c	Dress Steels, per dozen 8c
36-inch Extra Heavy Grey Cotton, 15 yards for..... 1 00		Sewing Cotton, per dozen..... 25c
AT THE STERLING SLAUGHTER SALE	AT THE STERLING SLAUGHTER SALE	AT THE STERLING SLAUGHTER SALE

EVERY ARTICLE TO BE SLAUGHTERED.

Corsets.	House Furnishings.	Hosiery & Underwear
Fine Flora Corsets, per pair..... 35c	Lace Curtains, per pair, from..... 25c	Ladies' Hose, per pair, from..... 10c
New Modern Erect Form Corsets, per pair..... 45c	Curtain Net, per yard, from..... 5c	Children's Hose, per pair, from..... 5c
B. & C. Corsets, regular \$1.25 and \$1.50 lines, per pair..... 75c	Fine Linen Napkins, per dozen, from..... 50c	Ladies' Summer Vests, each, from..... 5c
P. D. Corsets, per pair, from..... 90c	Colored Napkins, per dozen, from..... 25c	All Ladies' White Wear at about Half Price
Dr. Warner's Corsets, per pair, from..... 65c	Fine Table Linen, per yard, from..... 20c	Handkerchiefs, per dozen, from..... 15c
AT THE STERLING SLAUGHTER SALE	AT THE STERLING SLAUGHTER SALE	AT THE STERLING SLAUGHTER SALE

THE STERLING'S BIG SALE

Will Continue Until Everything Is Sold Out. Get in Early While the Choice Is Good.

Ladies' Wear.	Gloves, Laces, Etc.	Prints & Gingham.
Ladies' Blouses, from..... 25c	Kid Gloves at..... Specially Low Prices	Fine Prints, 22 yards for..... \$1.00
Ladies' Wrappers, from..... 60c	Veiling, per yard, from..... 10c	Extra Heavy Prints, 14 yards for... \$1.00
Ladies' Summer Costumes, from..... \$1.00	Fine Valenciennes Laces, per dozen yards, from..... 10c	Fine Gingham, 20 yards for..... \$1.00
Ladies' Tailor Made Suits at..... Half Price	Ribbons, per yard, from..... 2½c	Heavy Skirting Gingham, 14 yds for... \$1.00
AT THE STERLING SLAUGHTER SALE	Embroideries, per yard, from..... 3c	AT THE STERLING SLAUGHTER SALE

The Biggest Bargain Opportunity for First-Class Dry Goods Ever Offered in Victoria.

Dress Goods & Silks.	Blankets.	Men's Half Hose.
Dress Plaids, per yard..... 5c	Flannelette Blankets, per pair..... 60c	Men's Cotton Socks, per pair..... 5c
Dress Tweeds, per yard from..... 8c	Fine White Wool Blankets at..... \$2.00	Men's Heavy Grey Socks, per pair... 8c
Black Cashmere, per yard, from..... 25c	Grey Wool Blankets at..... \$1.50	Men's Extra Heavy Wool Socks, per pair 15c
Blue and Black Serges, per yard, from 25c	White Quilts, each, from..... 60c	Men's Fine Black Cashmere Socks, per pair..... 15c
Black Lustre, per yard, from..... 15c	Extra Heavy Eng. Sheeting, per yard 17½c	Men's Fine Merino Socks, per pair... 15c
AT THE STERLING SLAUGHTER SALE	AT THE STERLING SLAUGHTER SALE	AT THE STERLING SLAUGHTER SALE

THE STERLING DRY GOODS STORE

39 Government Street.

Opposite Erskine, Wall & Co.